

Preparing for Surprise under Global Change:

Resilience, Tipping Points, Early-Warning Signals

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IHP, 5 Oct 2023

Climate emergency: world 'may have crossed tipping points'

Warning of 'existential threat to civilisation' as impacts lead to cascade of unstoppable events



Guardian
Nov 2019

Amazon near tipping point of switching from rainforest to savannah – study

Climate crisis and logging is leading to shift from canopy rainforest to open grassland



Guardian
Oct 2020

Could biodiversity destruction lead to a global tipping point?



Guardian
Jan 2018

World is approaching coronavirus tipping point, say experts

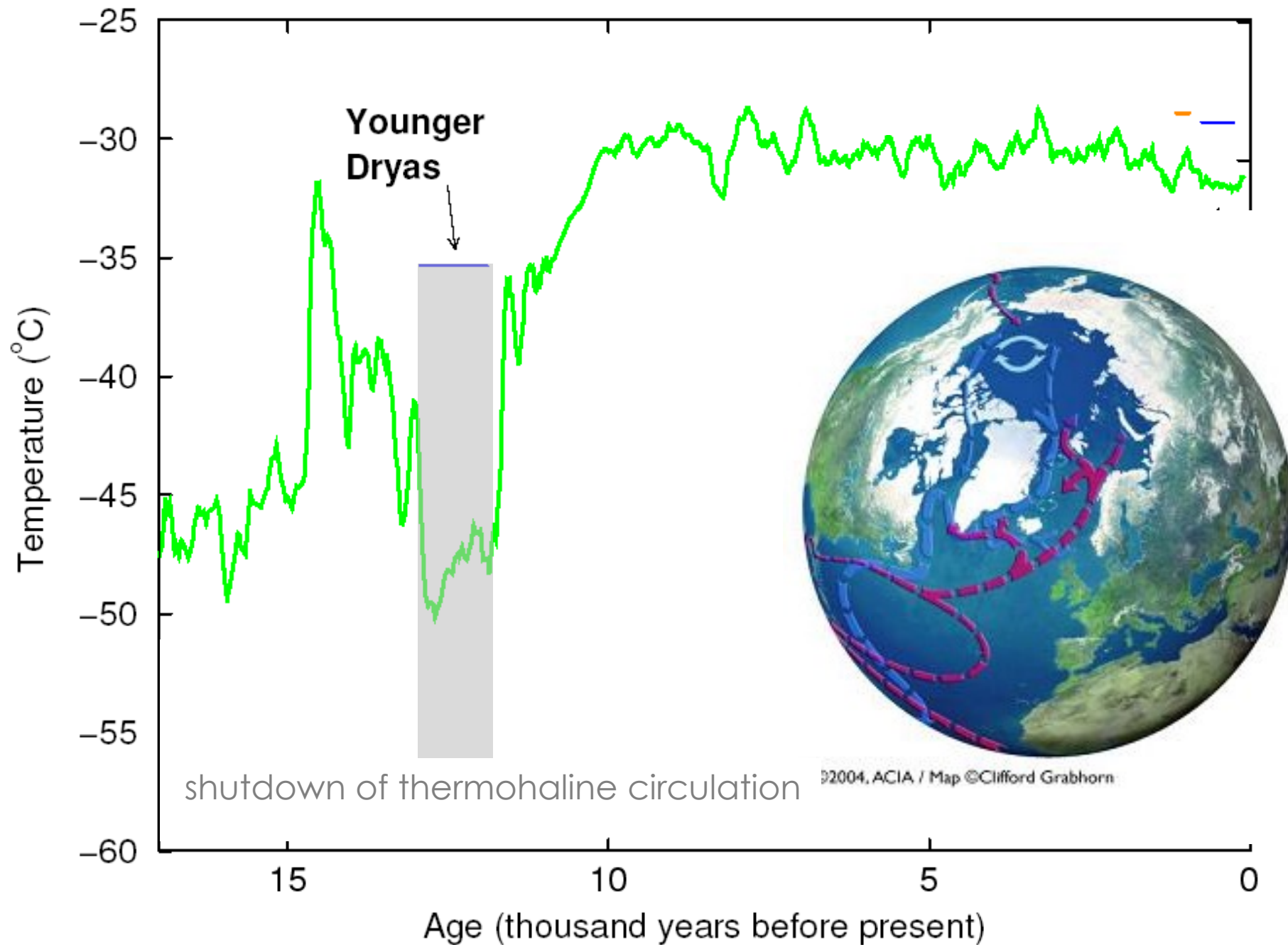
78,000 cases confirmed, as Italy and Iran scramble to contain major outbreaks

- Follow the [latest coronavirus news and updates - live](#)

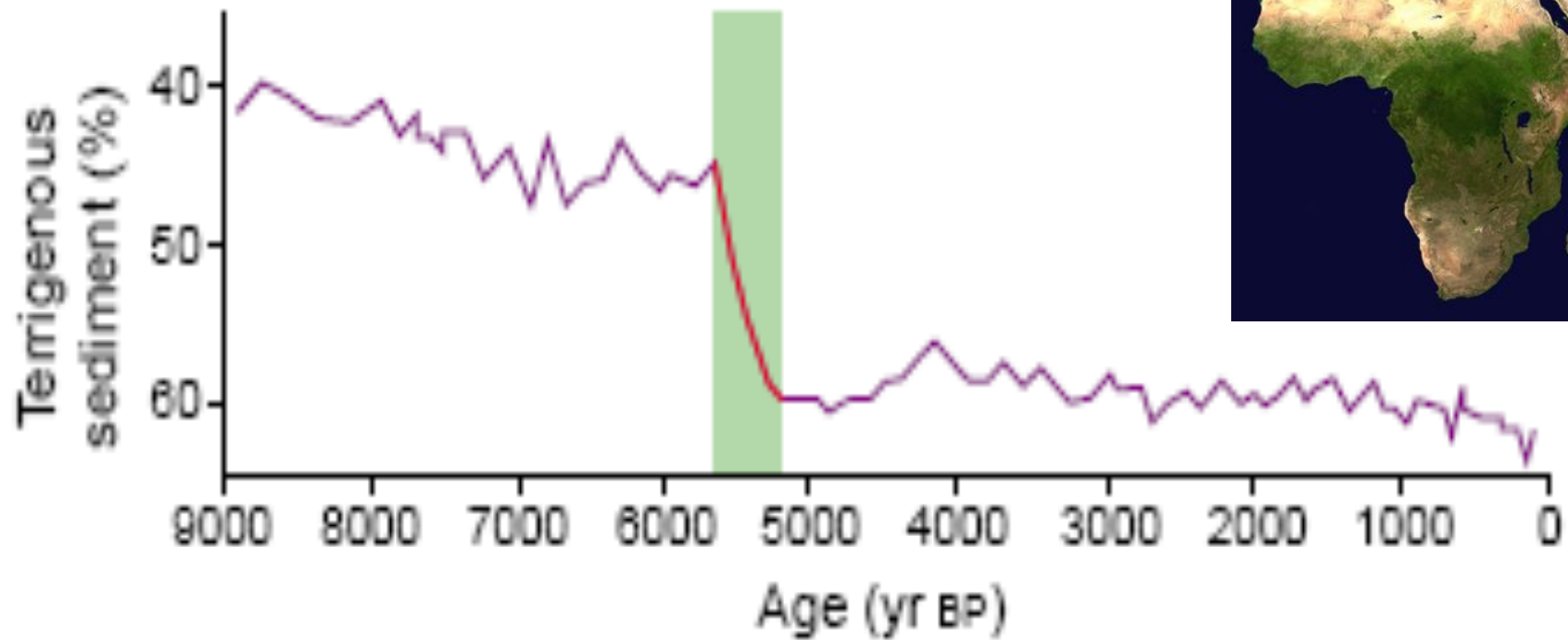


what is a tipping point?

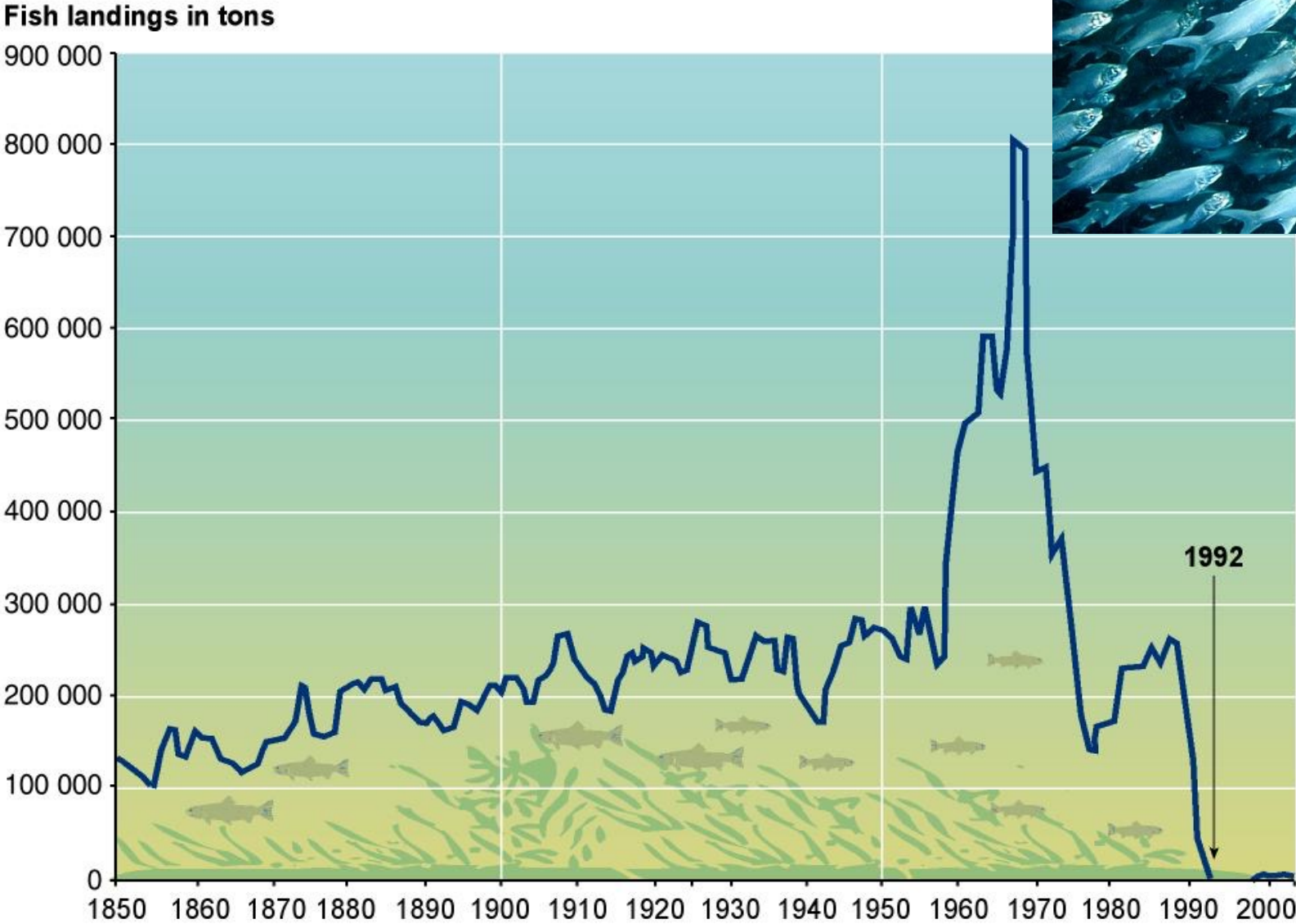
climate systems can change abruptly



biomes may **shift** to a desert state



populations collapse



Source: Millennium Ecosystem Assessment

coral reefs shift to an alternative macroalgae state



shallow lakes **shift** from a clear to a turbid state
due to eutrophication

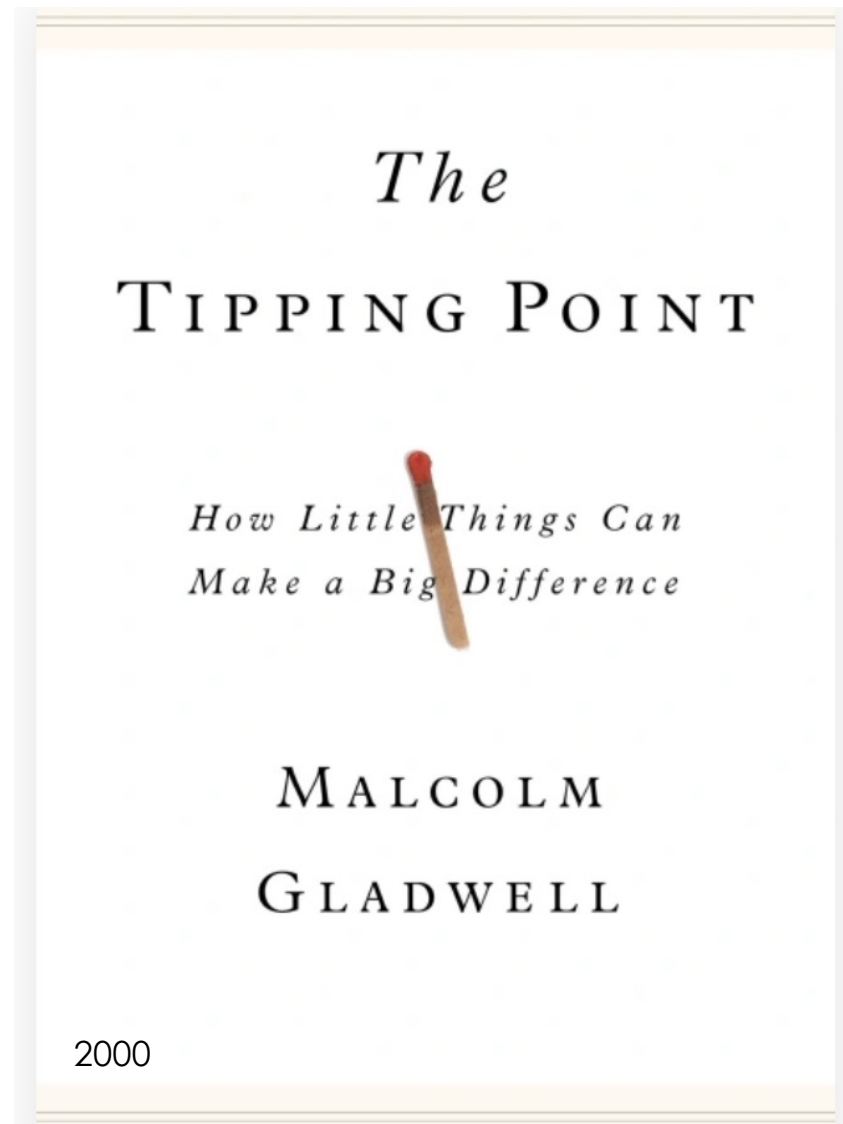


understanding and anticipating
ecological tipping point responses to stress

Outline

1. Basics of tipping point detection and quantification of resilience
2. An empirical assessment of tipping point detection and resilience

what is a tipping point?



Change:

- **Abrupt (relative to the a driver and system time-scale)**

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- **Unexpected (triggered by small perturbations)**

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Change:

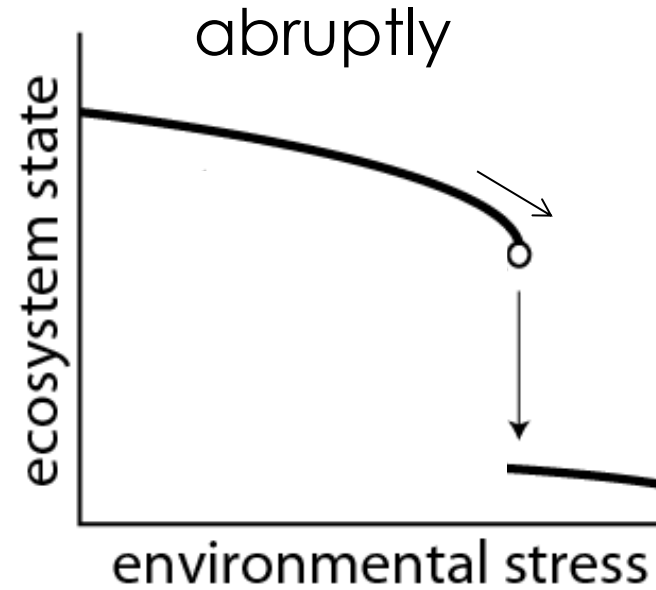
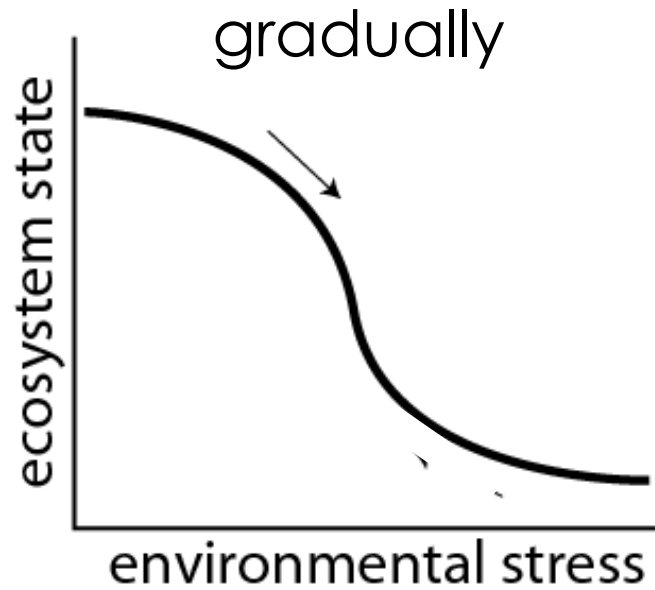
- **Abrupt (relative to the a driver and system time-scale)**
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- **Substantial (catastrophic)**
- **Often (but not always) difficult to reverse**

Tipping point:

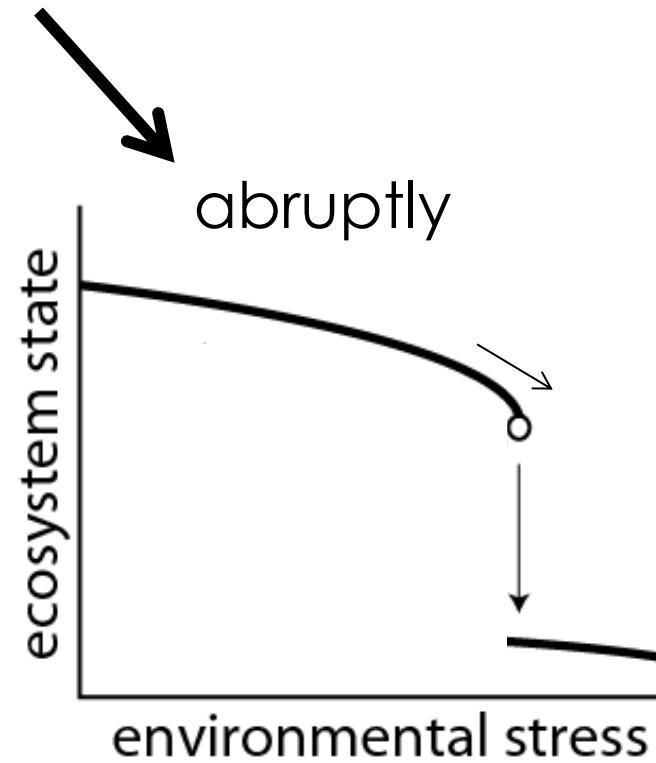
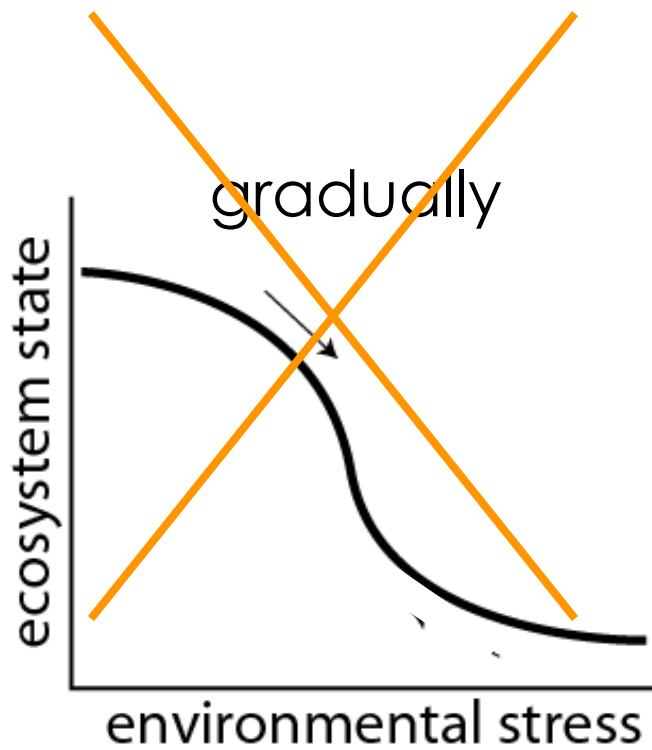
a situation where **accelerating change** caused by a **positive feedback** drives the system to a **new state**

(van Nes et al TREE 2016)

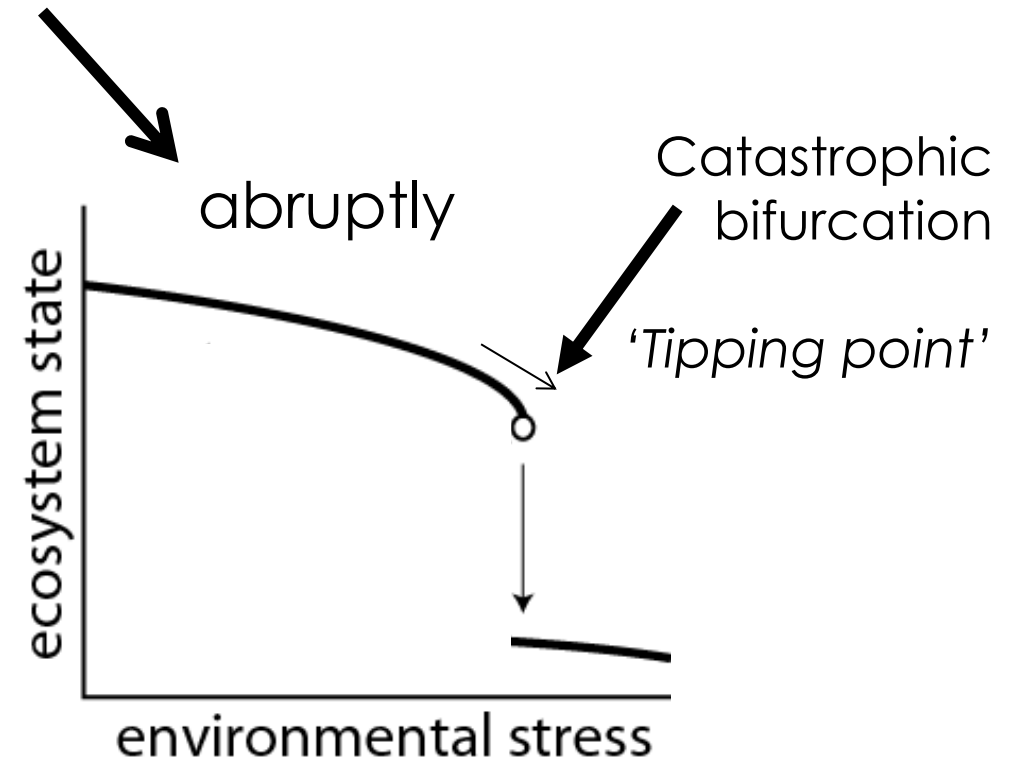
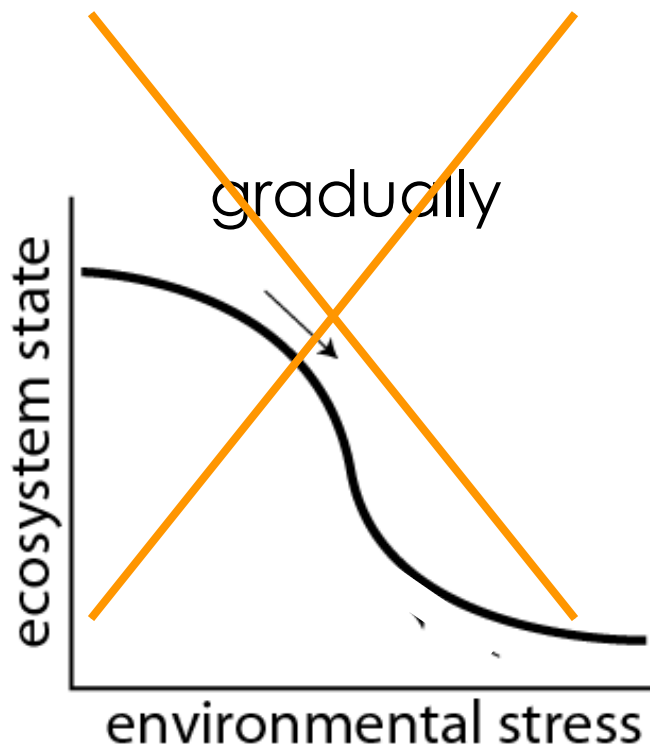
systems responses to environmental stress



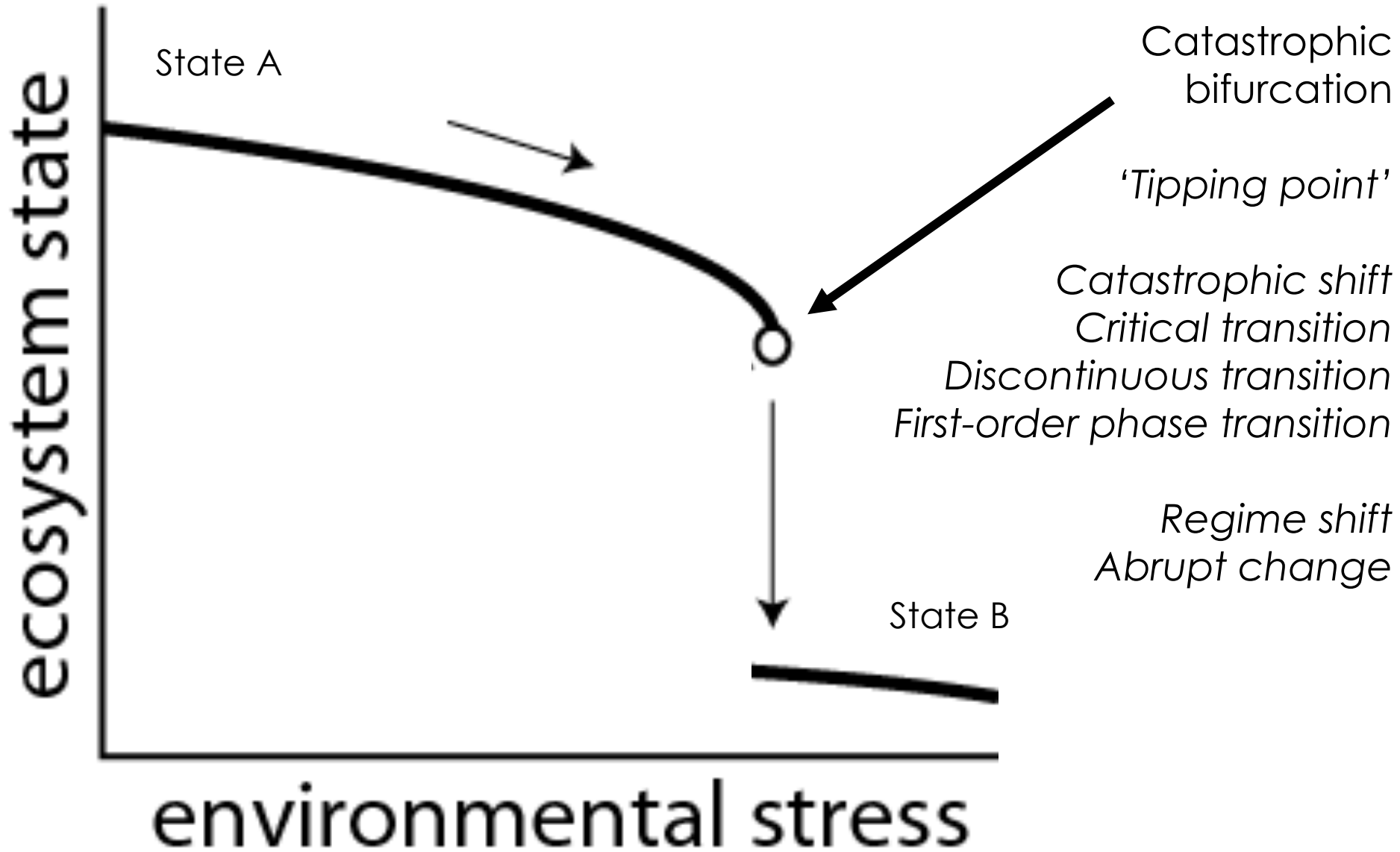
systems responses to environmental stress



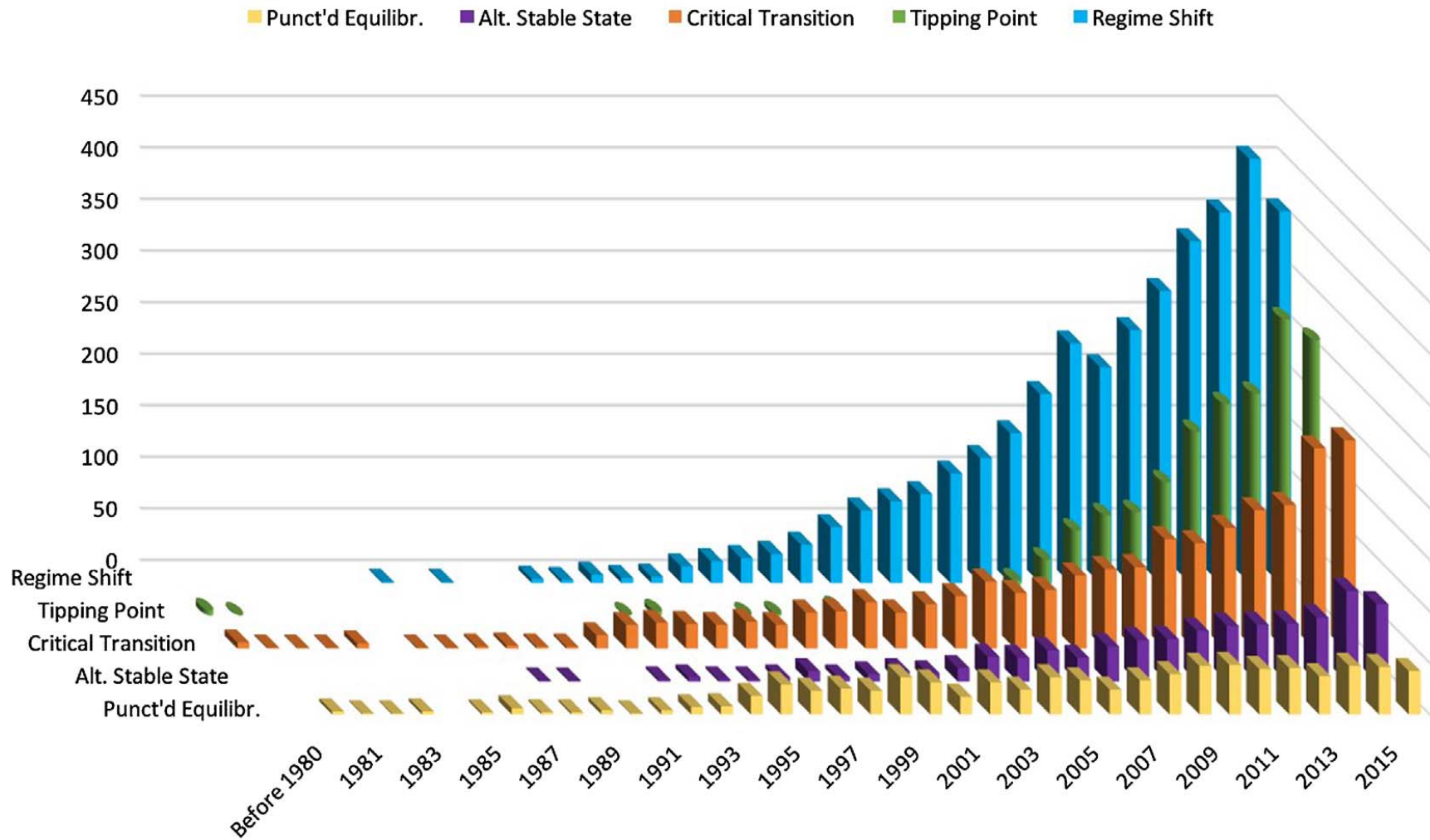
systems responses to environmental stress



tipping points between **alternative stable states**

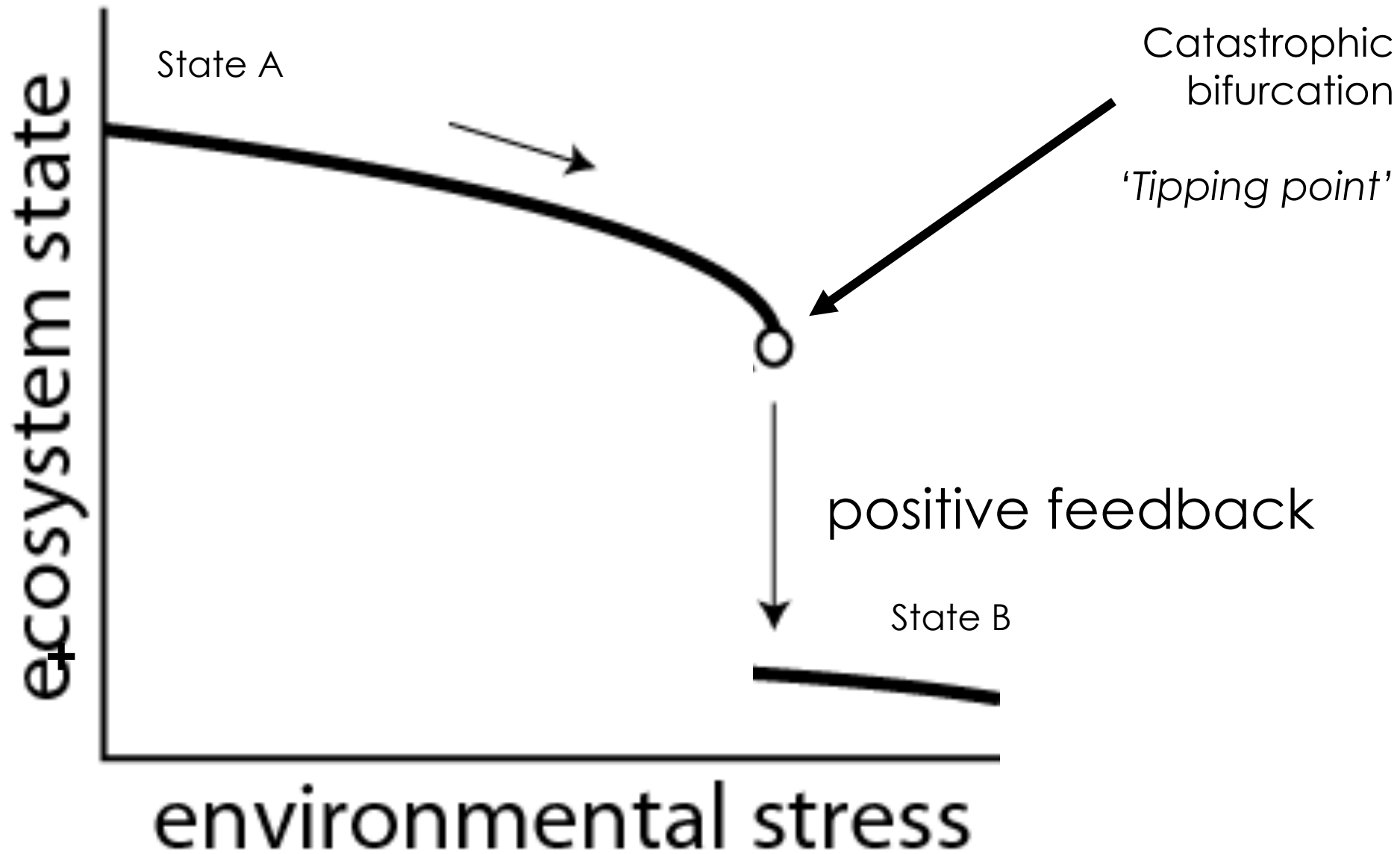


Top 5 Search Terms - Publications over Time

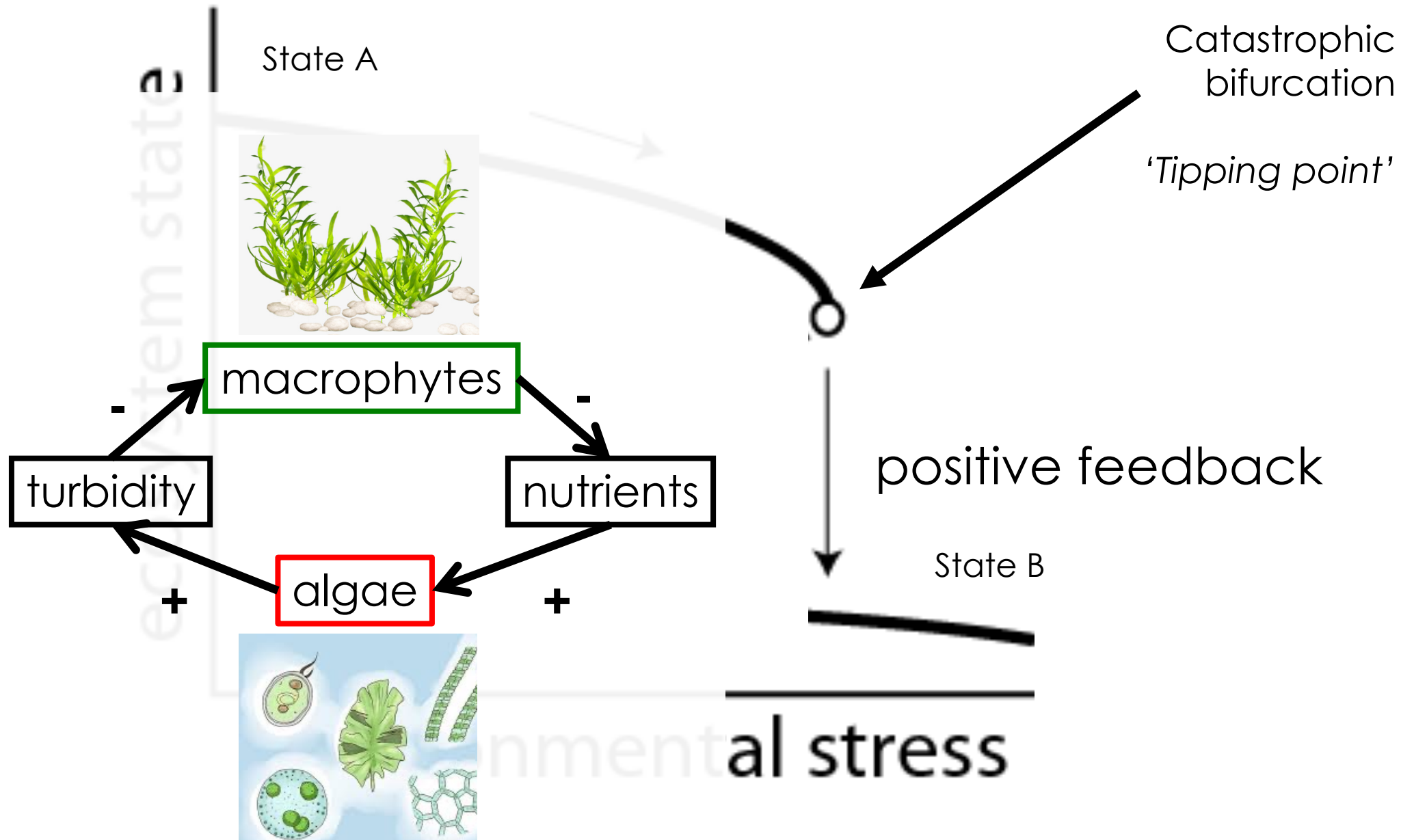


Defining tipping points for social-ecological systems scholarship—an interdisciplinary literature review
 Milkoreit et al 2016 Env Res Let

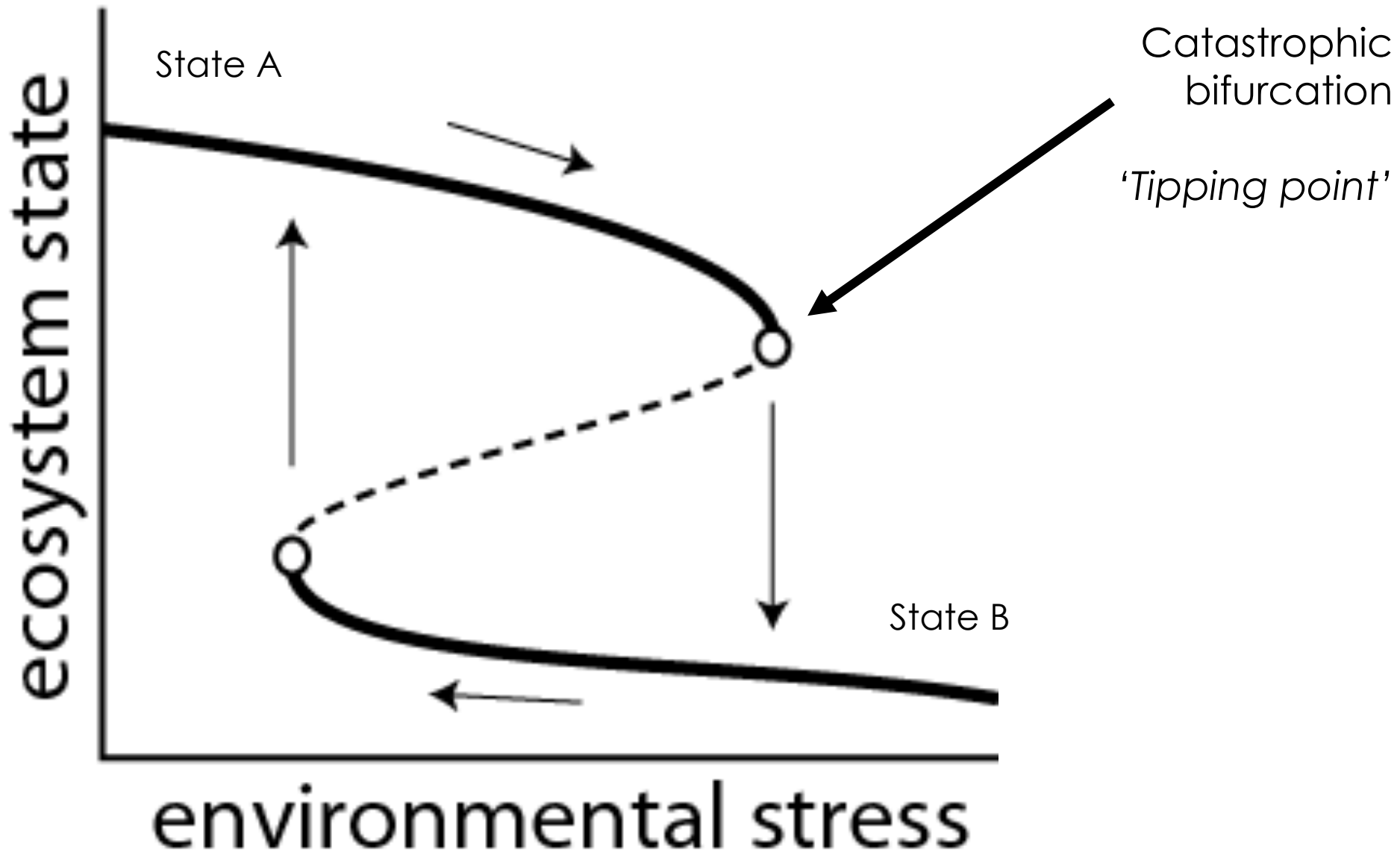
tipping points between **alternative stable states**



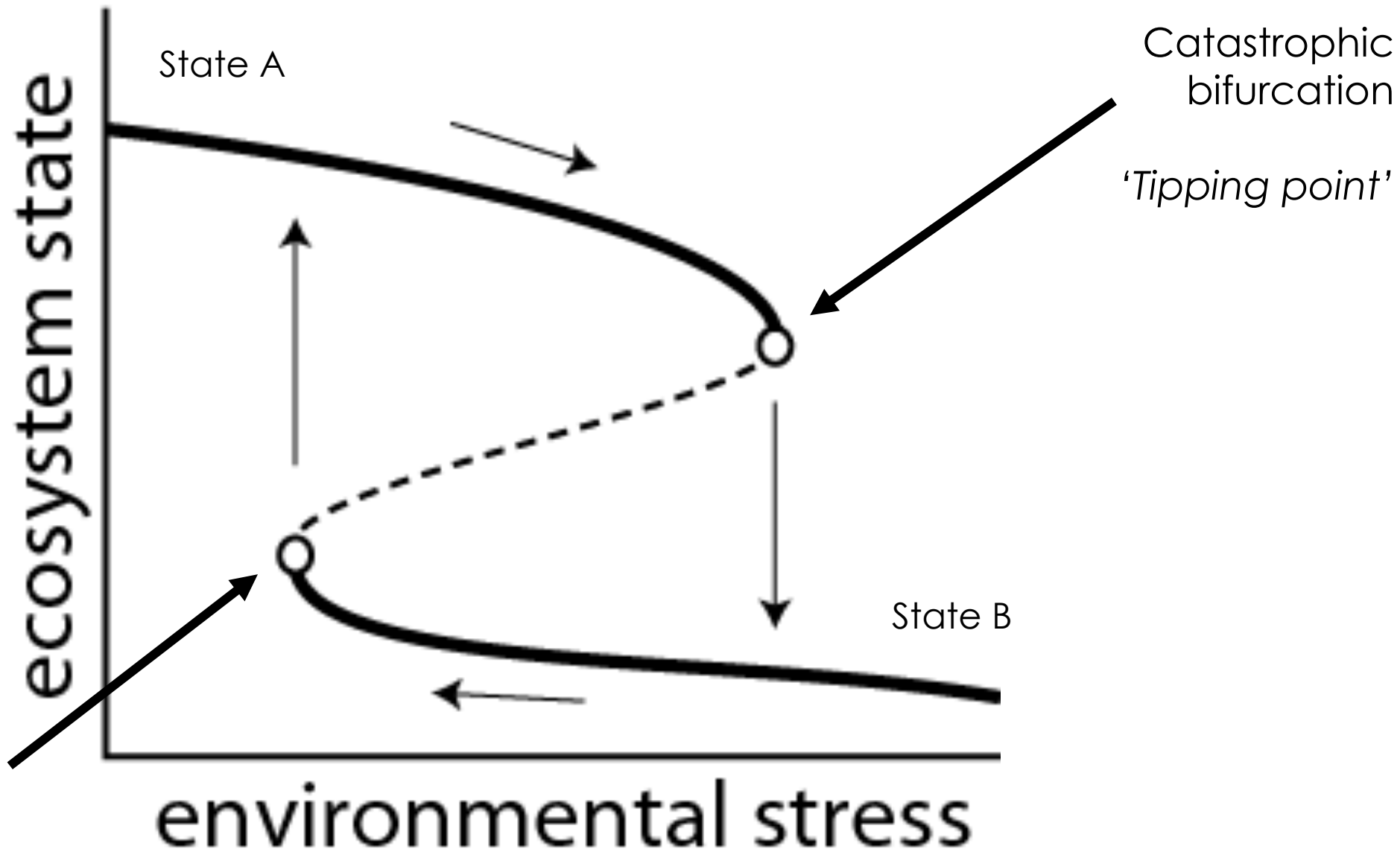
tipping points between alternative stable states



tipping points between **alternative stable states**



tipping points between **alternative stable states**



Catastrophic bifurcation
'Tipping point'

State B

environmental stress

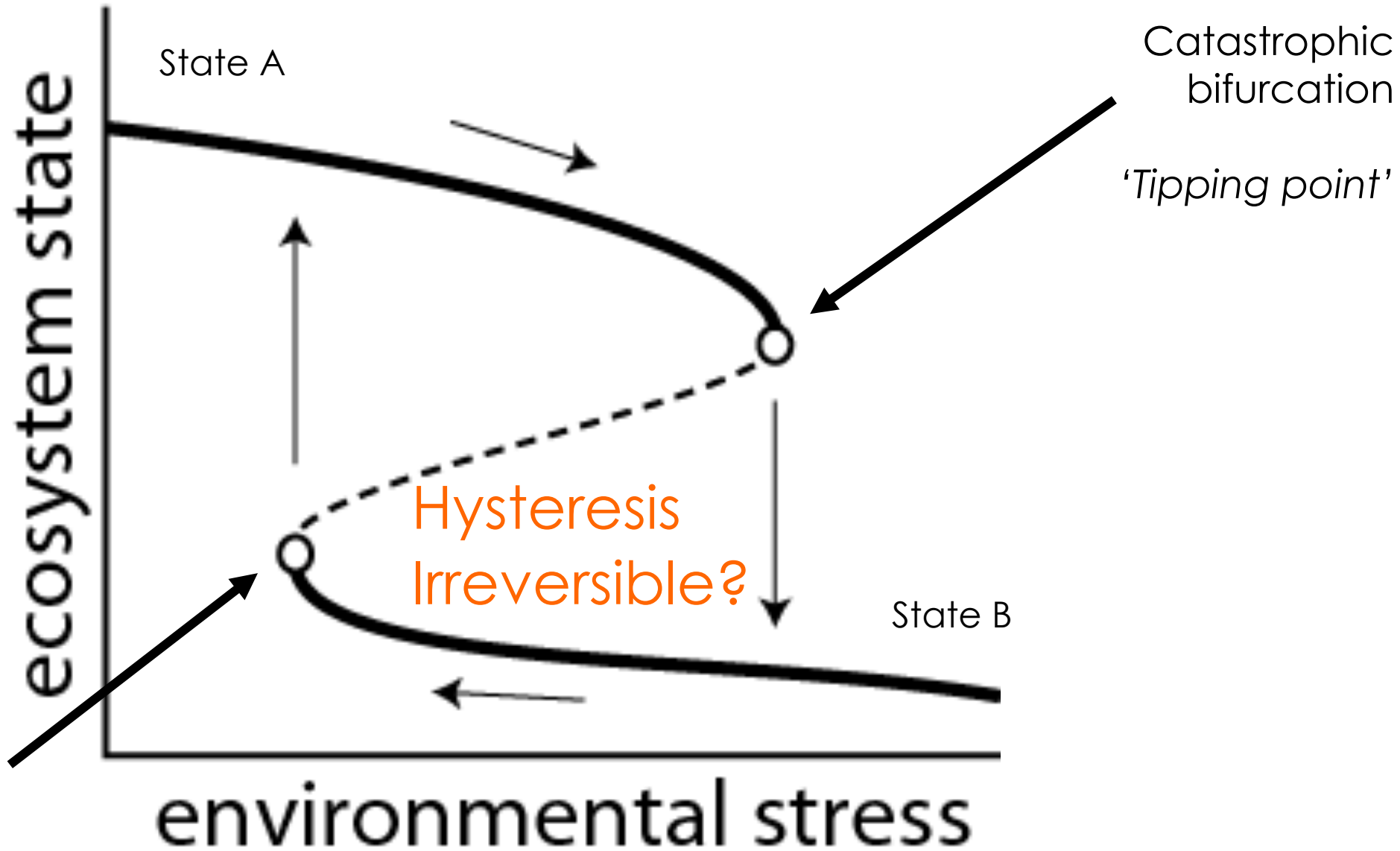
State A

ecosystem state

Catastrophic bifurcation

'Tipping point'

tipping points between alternative stable states



Catastrophic bifurcation
'Tipping point'

State B

Hysteresis
Irreversible?

environmental stress

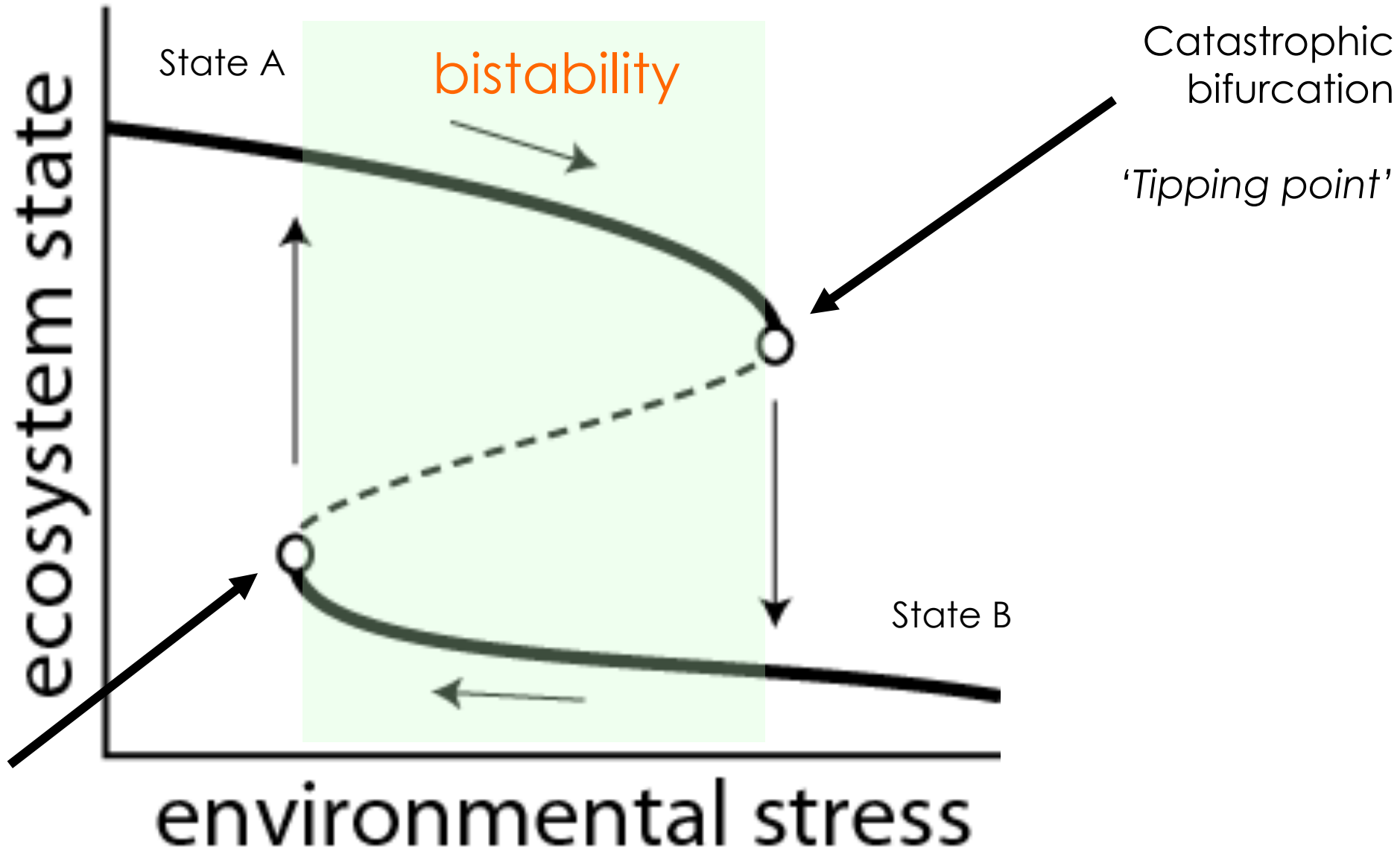
State A

ecosystem state

Catastrophic bifurcation

'Tipping point'

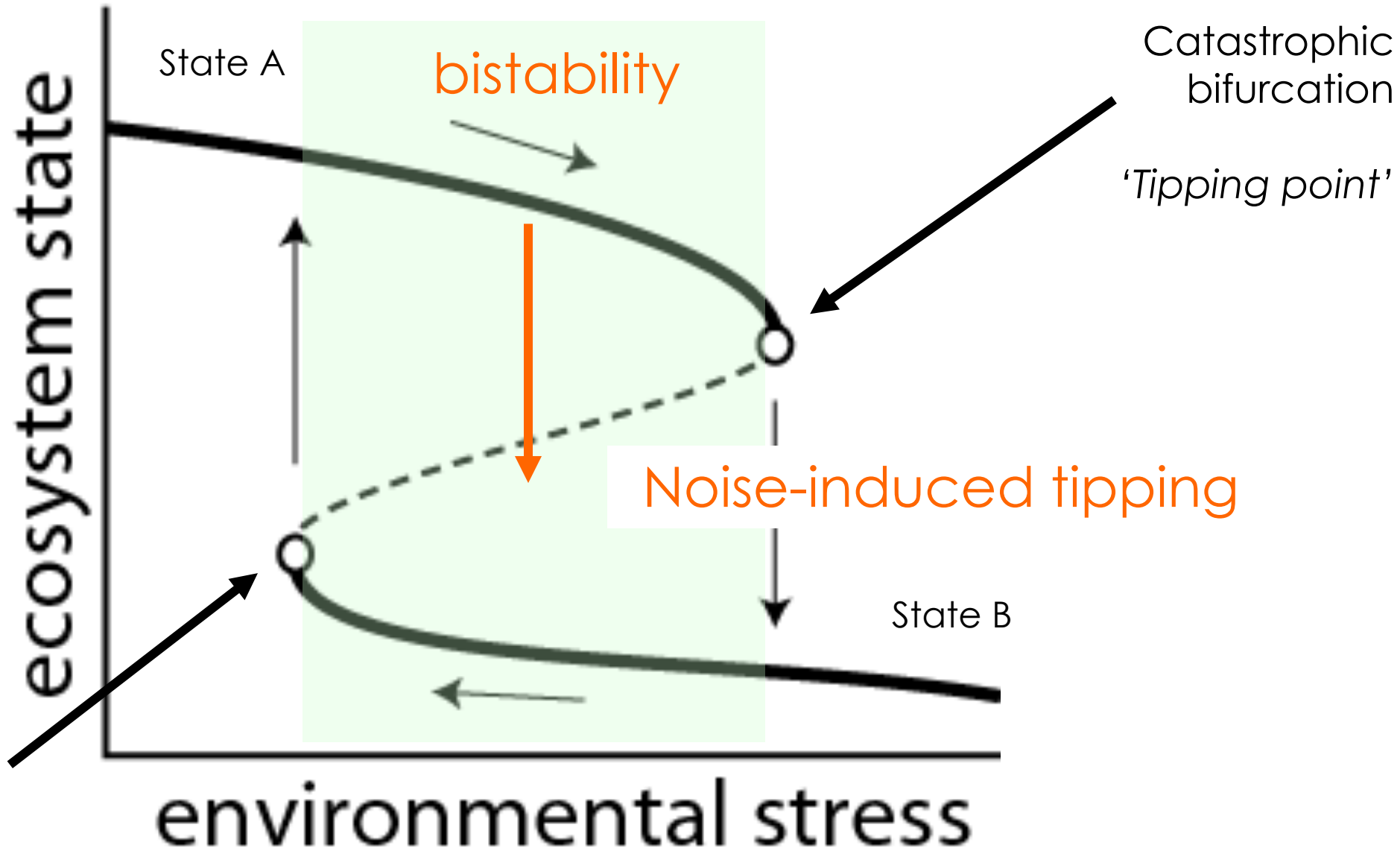
tipping points between **alternative stable states**



Catastrophic bifurcation
'Tipping point'

Catastrophic bifurcation
'Tipping point'

tipping points between alternative stable states



ecosystem state

State A

bistability

Catastrophic bifurcation
'Tipping point'

Noise-induced tipping

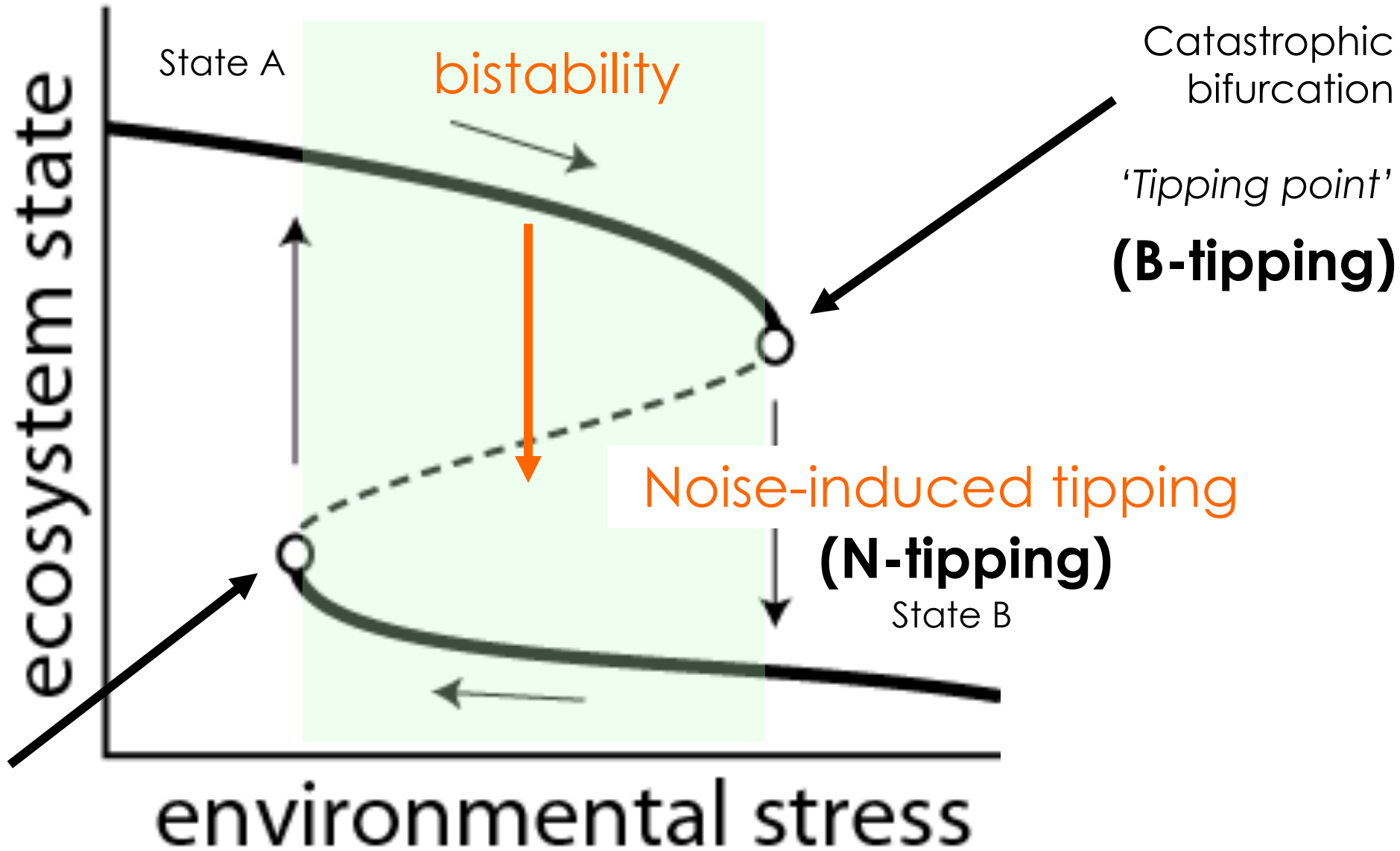
State B

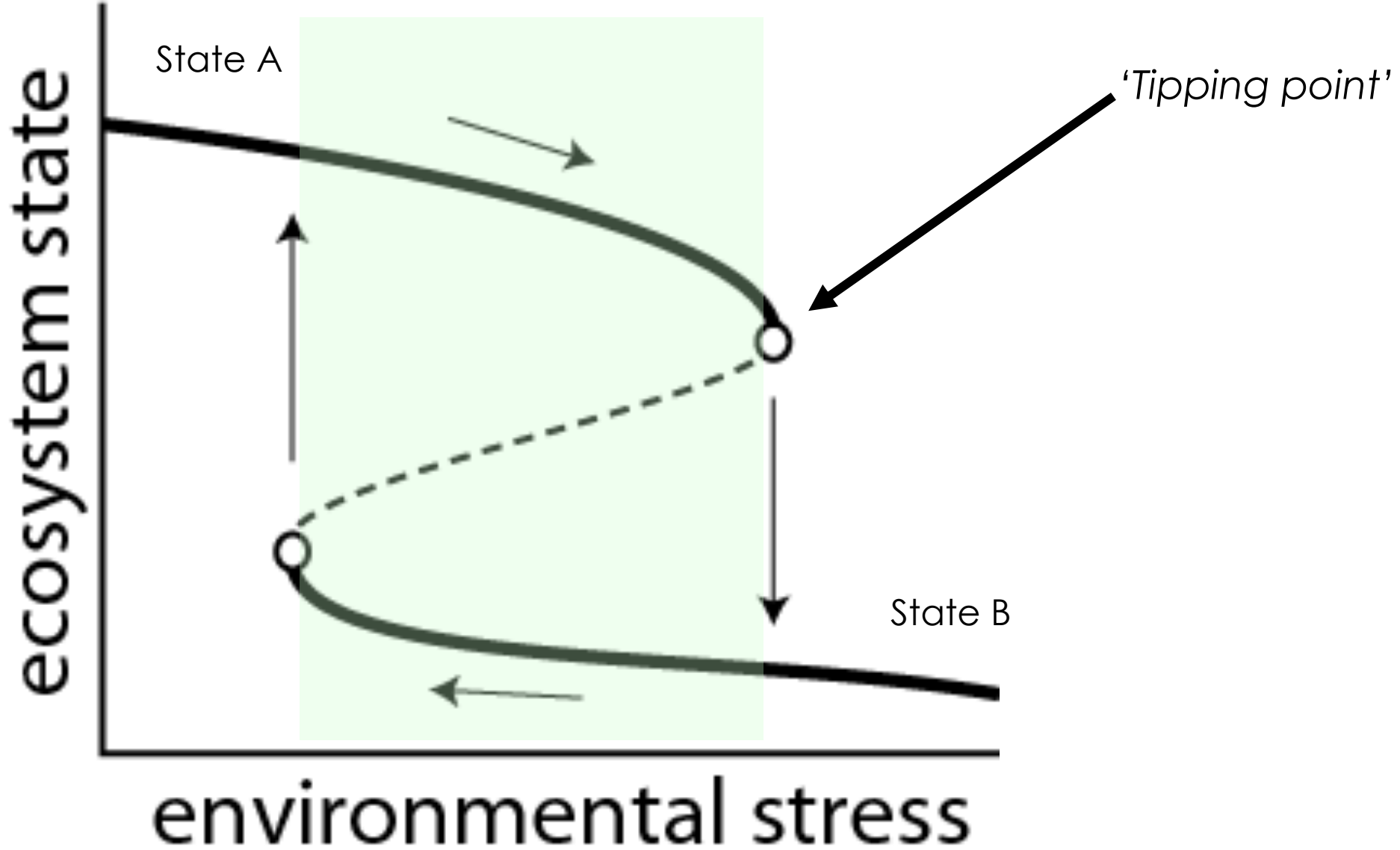
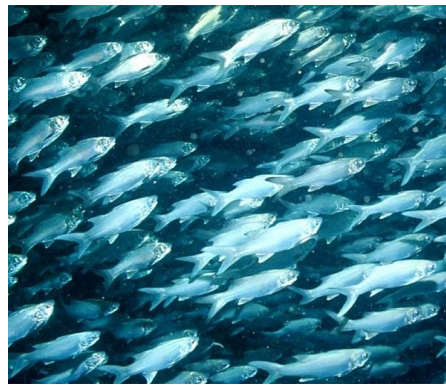
environmental stress

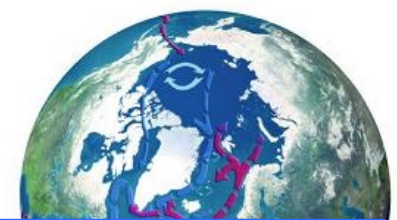
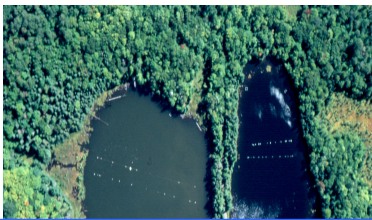
Catastrophic bifurcation

'Tipping point'

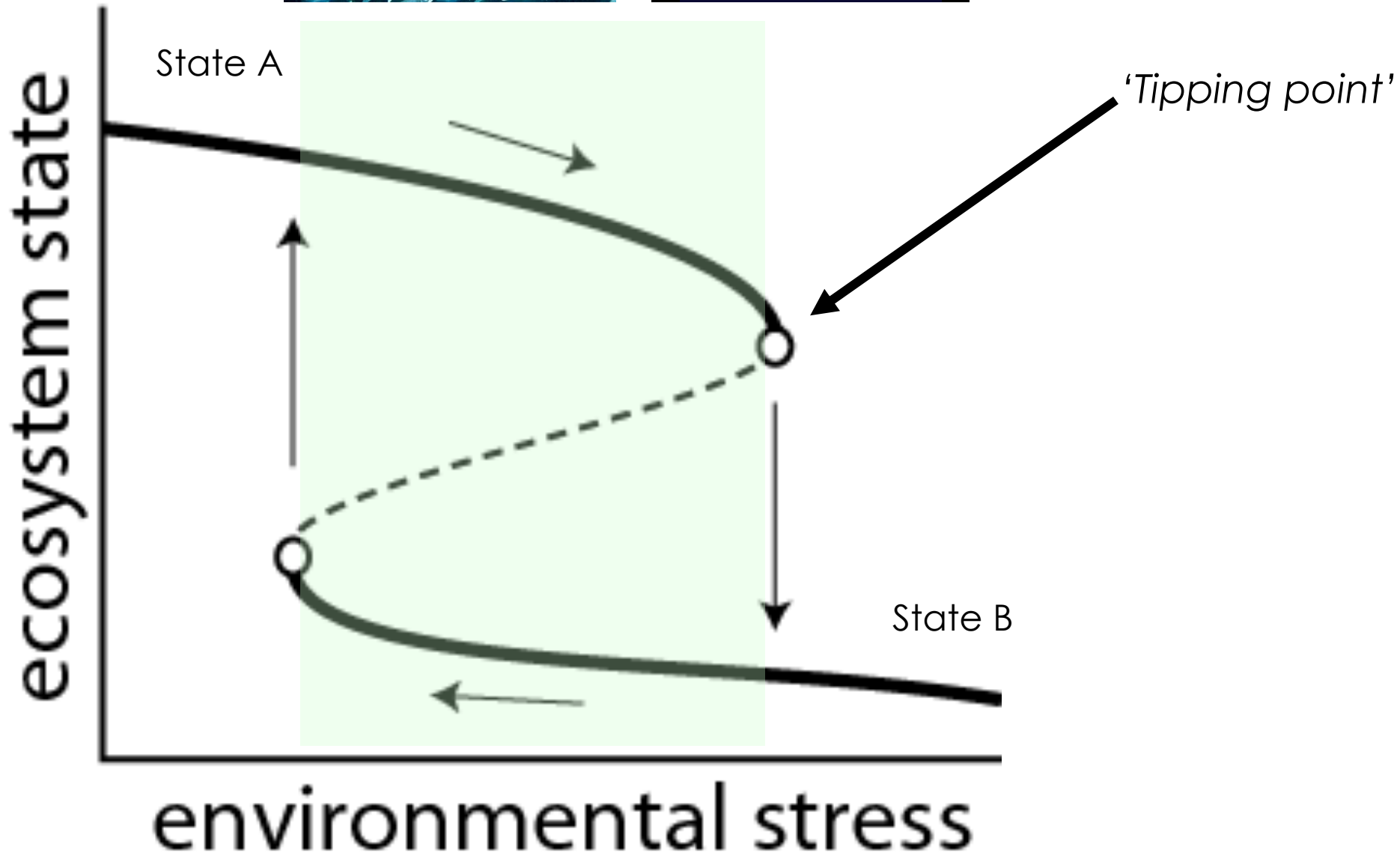
tipping points between alternative stable states

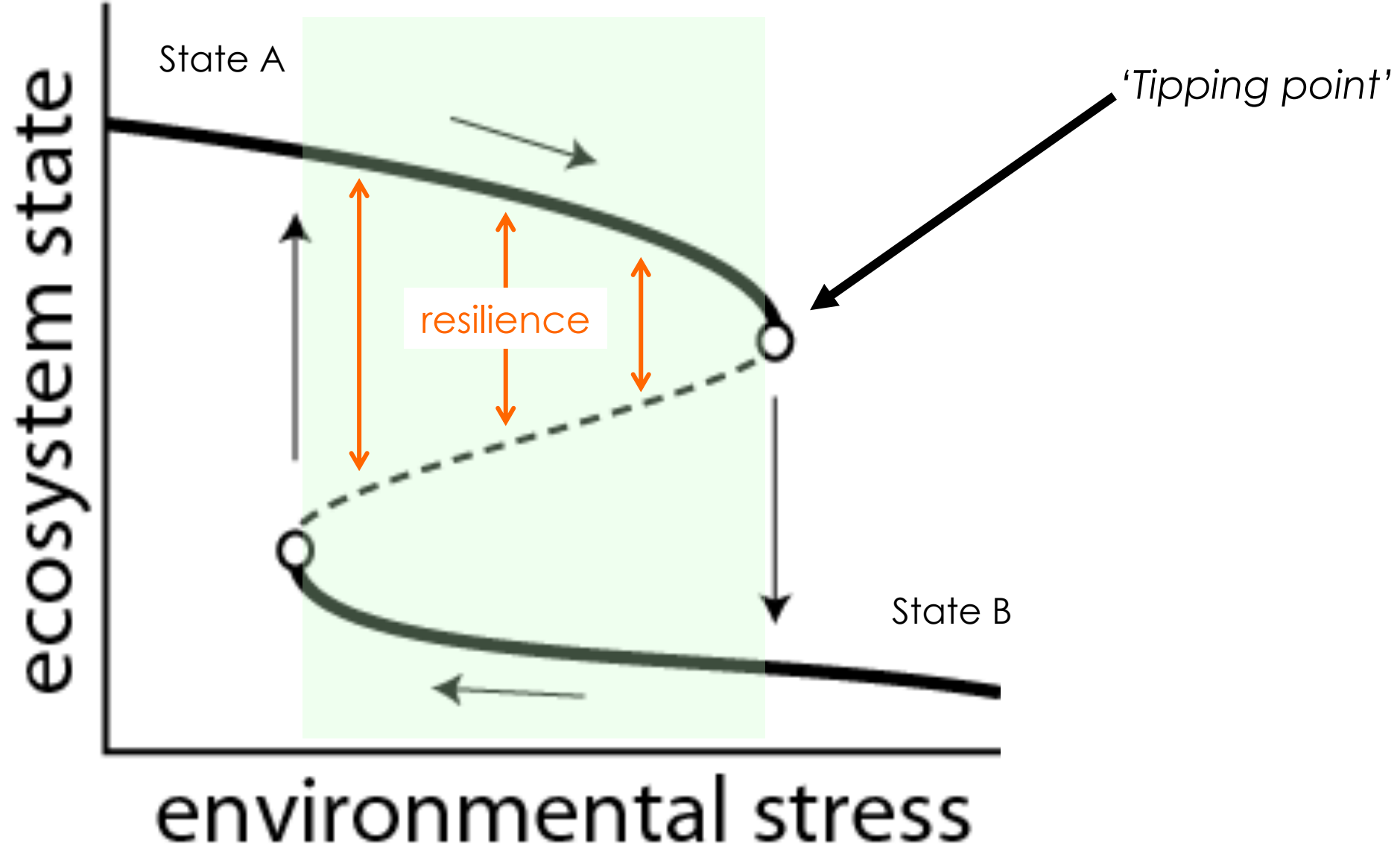
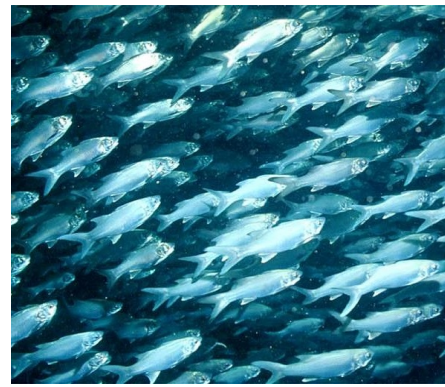






Can we detect tipping points in advance?





Resilience (ecological):

the **magnitude of disturbance** a system can tolerate **before shifting** to an alternative state

(Holling 1973)

loss of (ecological) resilience ~ proximity (high-risk) to tipping point

TOPICAL REVIEW

Ecological resilience: what to measure and how

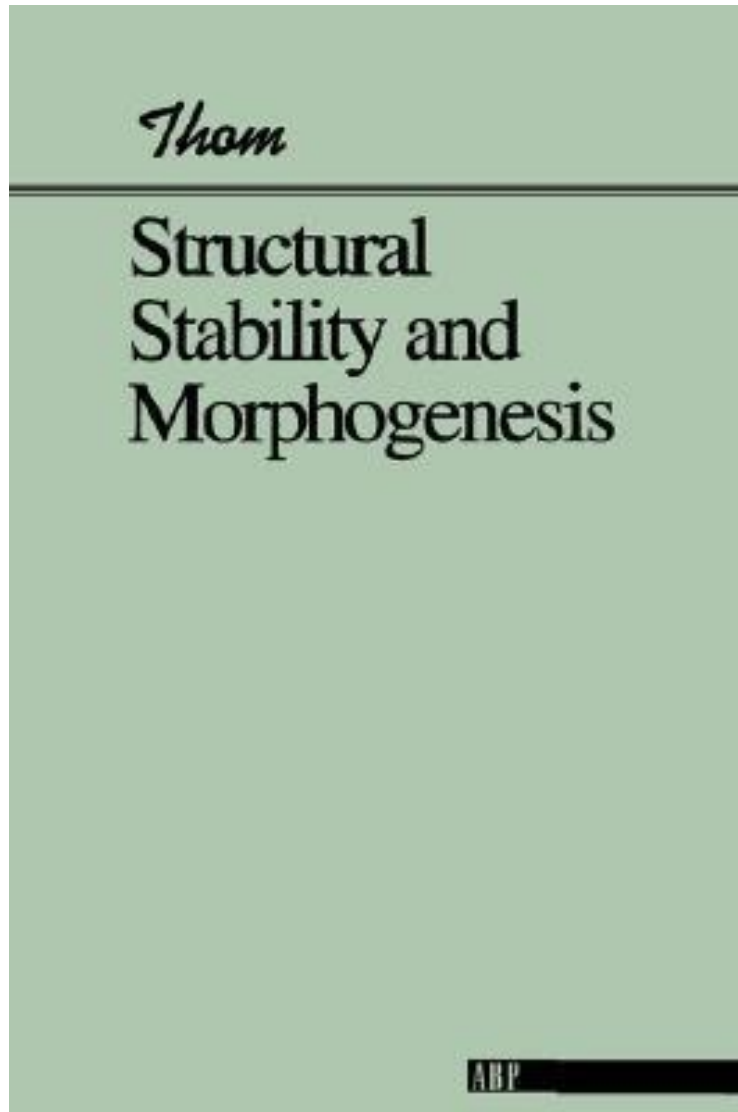
Vasilis Dakos* and Sonia Kéfi

but hard to measure ecological resilience

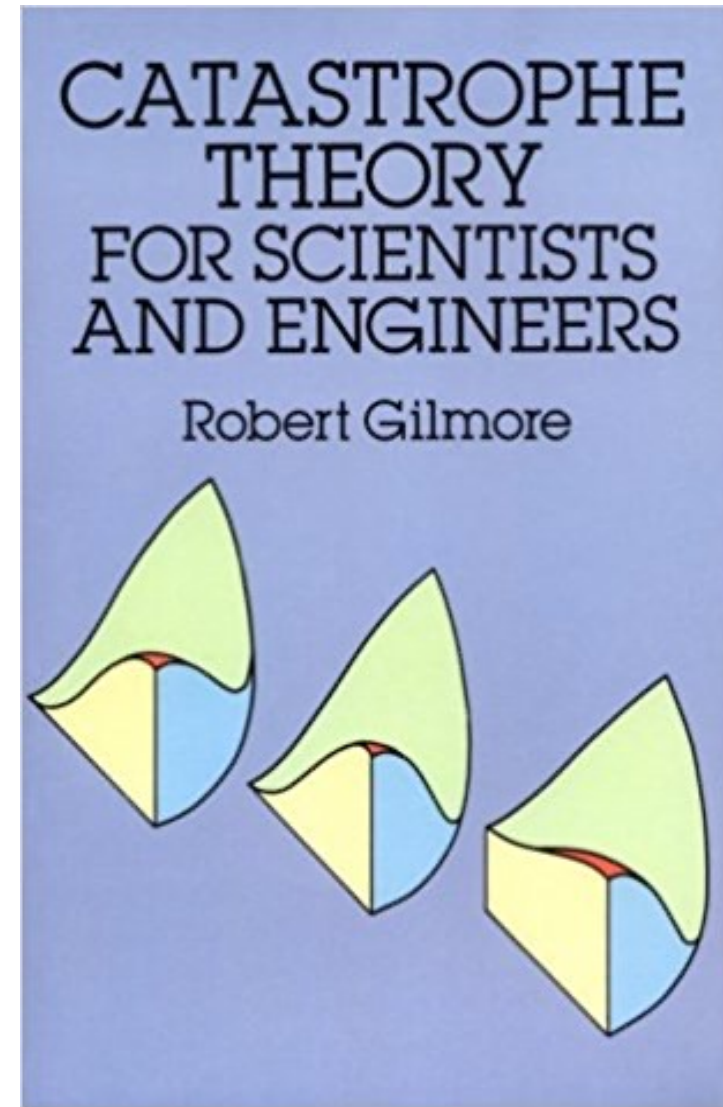
systems prior to tipping points **slow down**



catastrophe theory and catastrophe flags

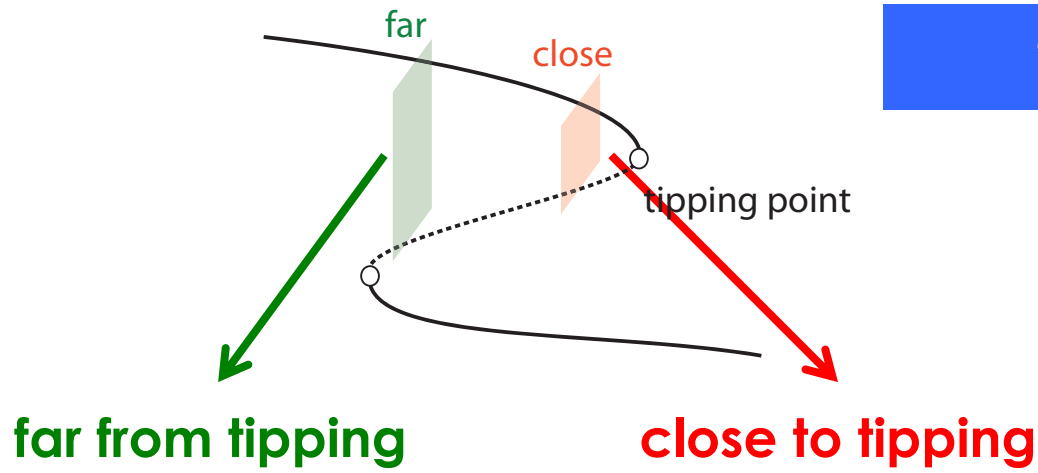


Thom 1976



Gilmore 1981

tipping point indicators



Critical Slowing Down (CSD)

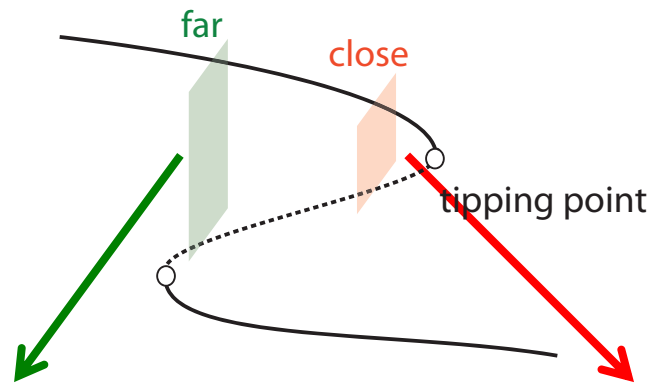
**Resilience Indicators
(or Early Warnings)**

tipping point indicators

Critical Slowing Down (CSD)

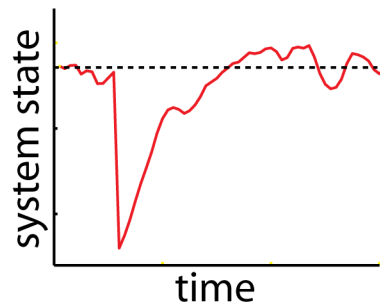
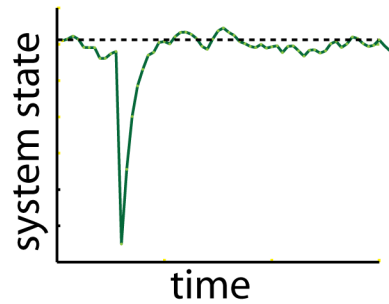
Resilience Indicators (or Early Warnings)

recovery time increases



far from tipping

close to tipping



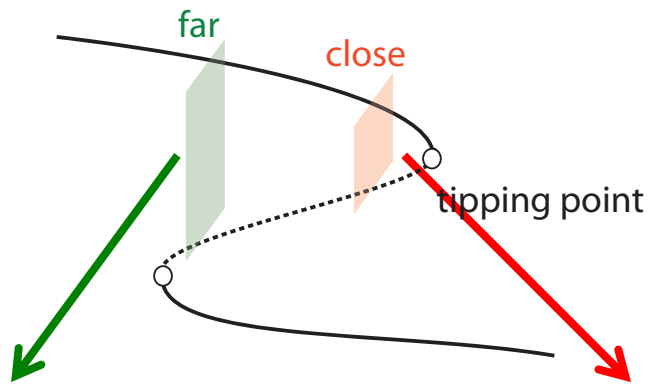
tipping point indicators

Critical Slowing Down (CSD)

Resilience Indicators (or Early Warnings)

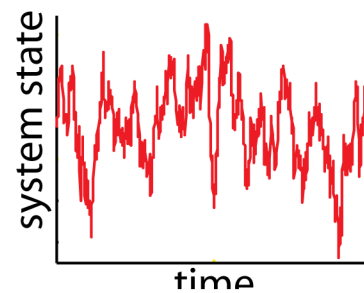
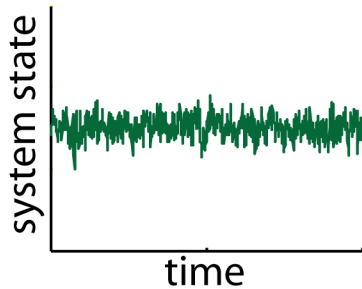
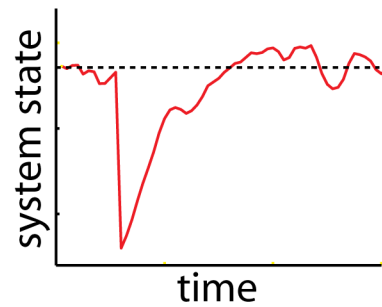
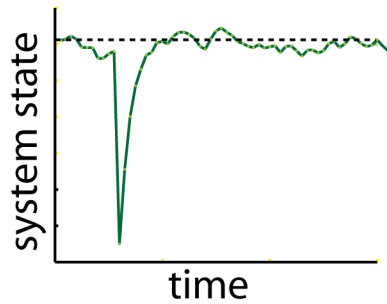
recovery time increases

variance increases



far from tipping

close to tipping



tipping point indicators

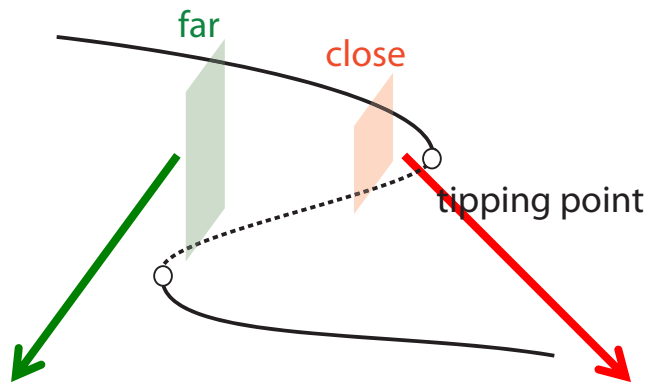
Critical Slowing Down (CSD)

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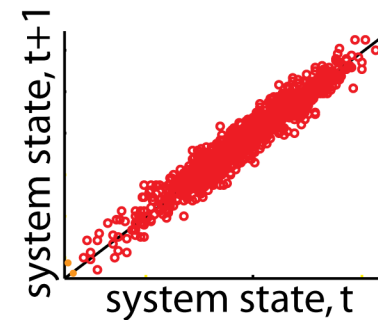
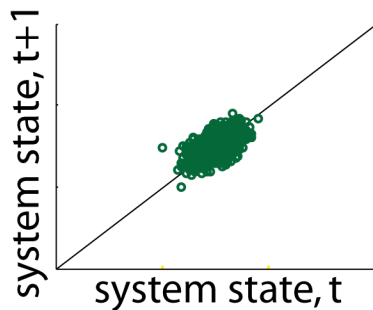
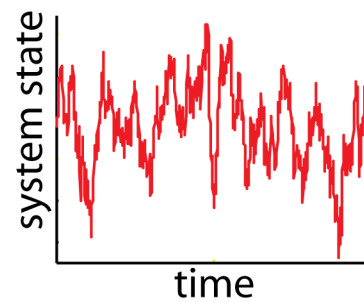
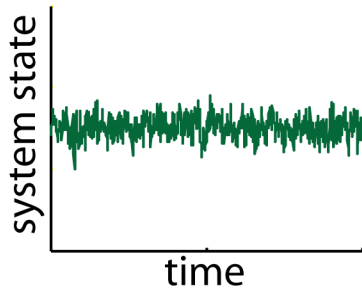
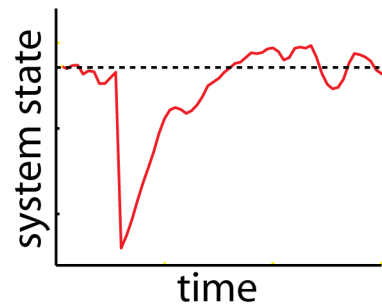
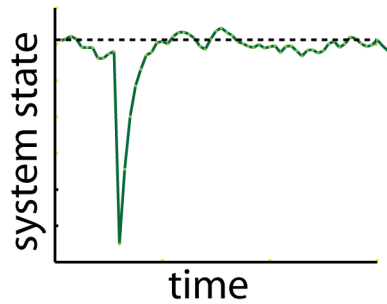
variance increases

autocorrelation rises



far from tipping

close to tipping



REVIEWS

Early-warning signals for critical transitions

Marten Scheffer¹, Jordi Bascompte², William A. Brock³, Victor Brovkin⁵, Stephen R. Carpenter⁴, Vasilis Dakos¹, Hermann Held⁶, Egbert H. van Nes¹, Max Rietkerk⁷ & George Sugihara⁸

Early-warning signals (for tipping point detection)

changes in statistical signatures in time or space that infer loss of resilience and proximity to tipping point responses

slowing down in a living system

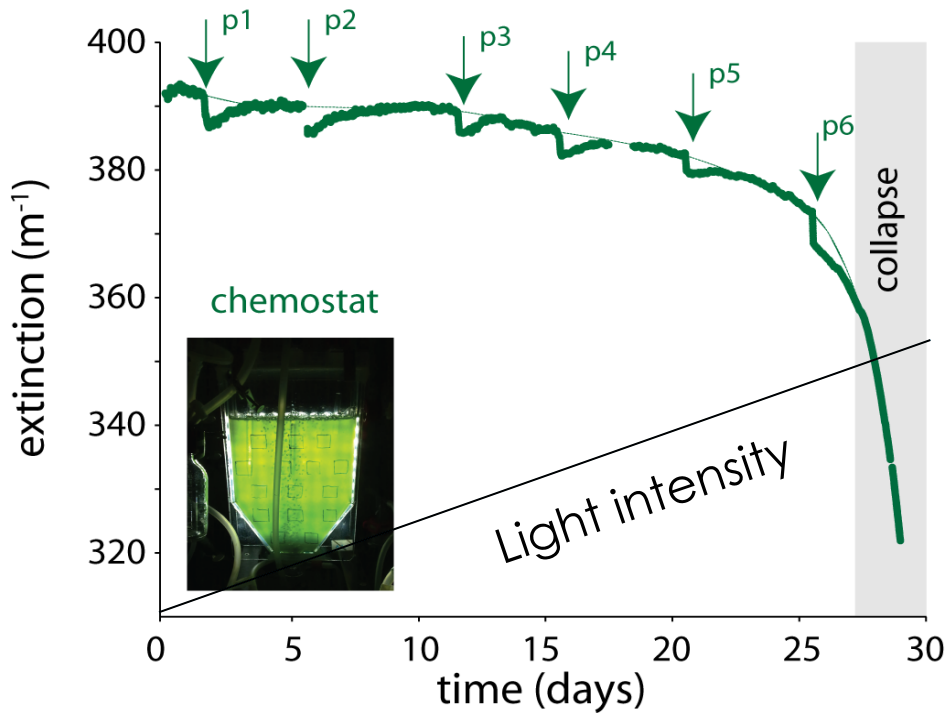
phytoplankton collapse due to photoinhibition



slowing down in a living system

phytoplankton collapse due to photoinhibition

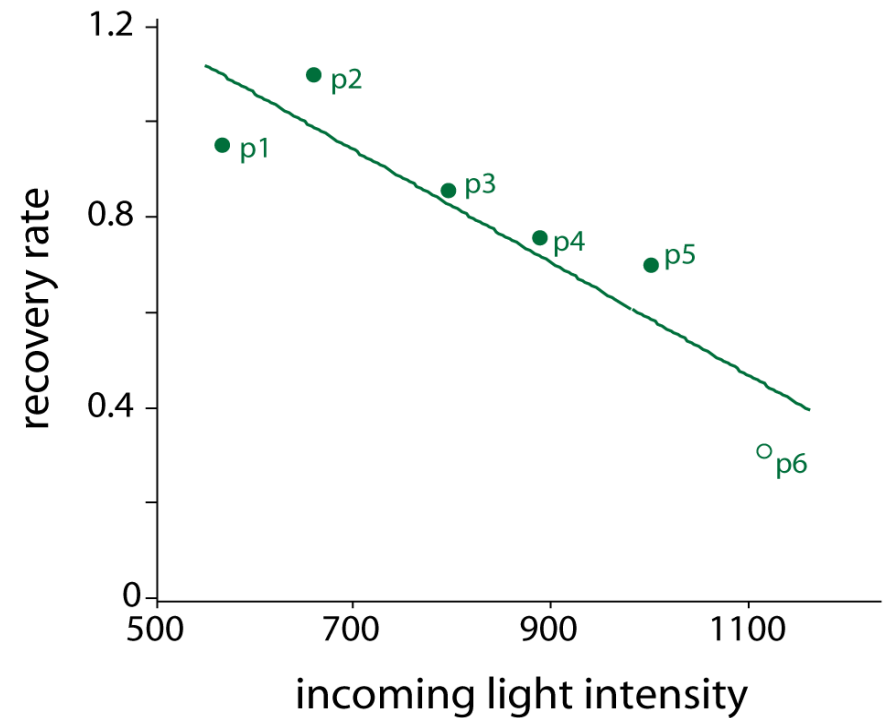
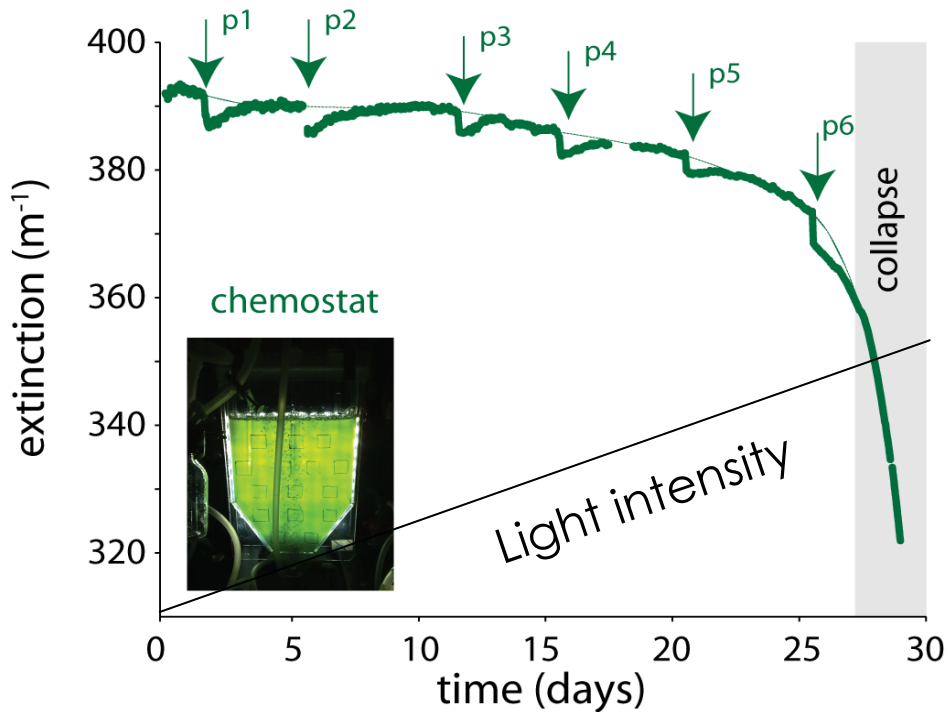
removal of 10% of standing stock through dilution



slowing down in a living system

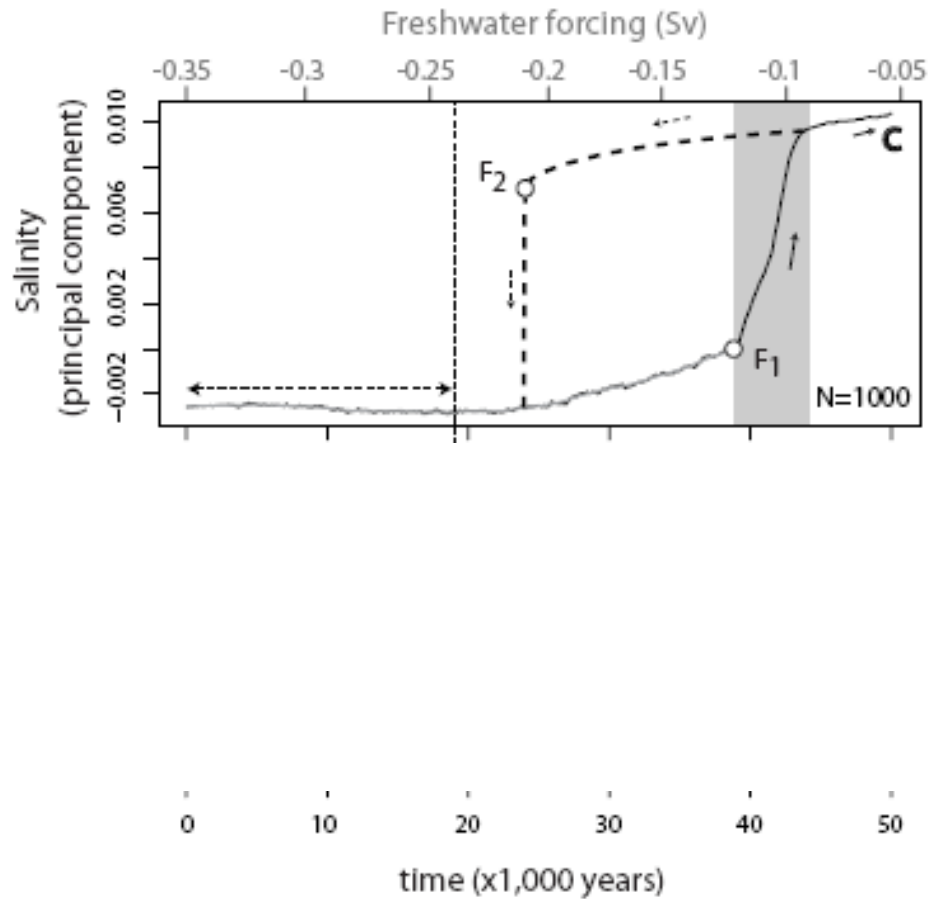
phytoplankton collapse due to photoinhibition

removal of 10% of standing stock through dilution



slowing down before past climate shifts

Shutdown of thermohaline circulation (CLIMBER2 EIC)



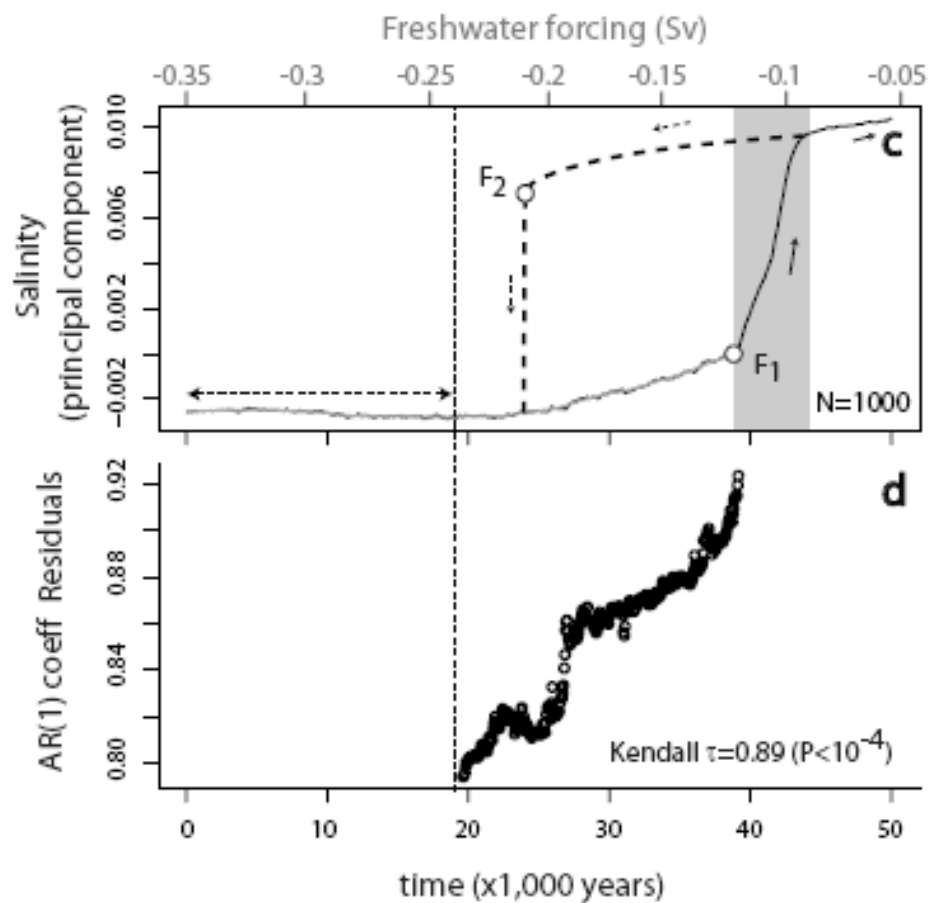
Model data



©2004, ACIA / Map ©Clifford Grabhorn

slowing down before past climate shifts

Shutdown of thermohaline circulation (CLIMBER2 EIC)



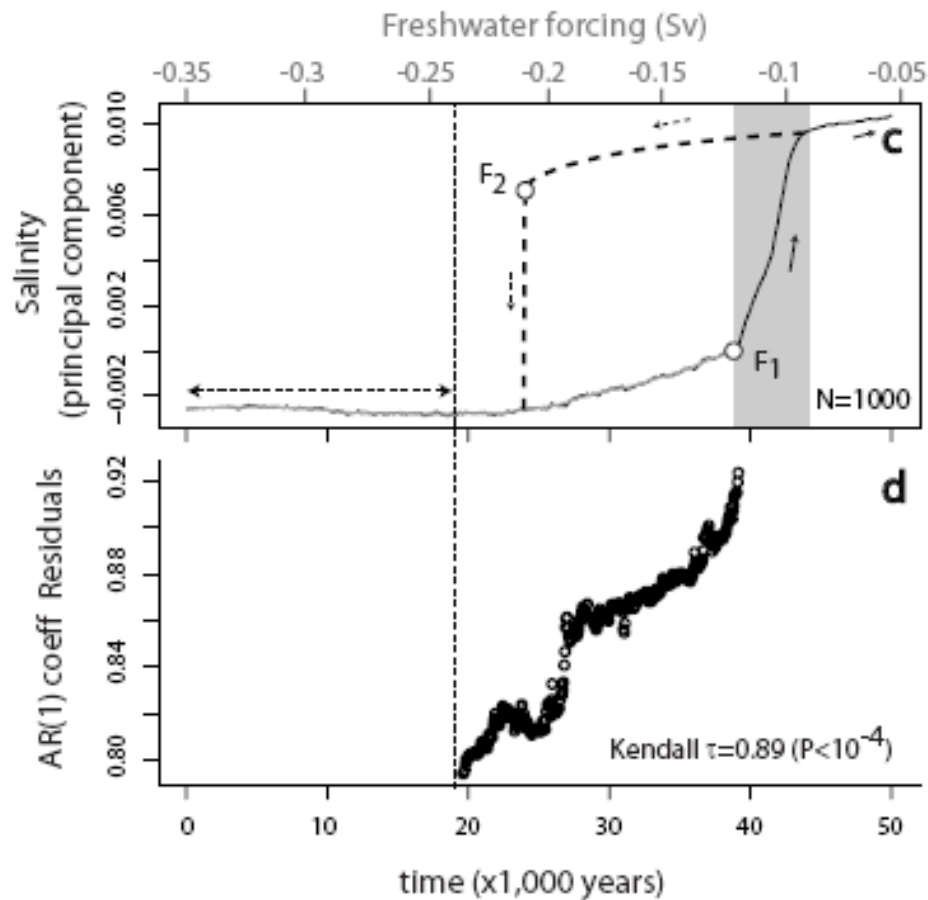
Model data



©2004, ACIA / Map ©Clifford Grabhorn

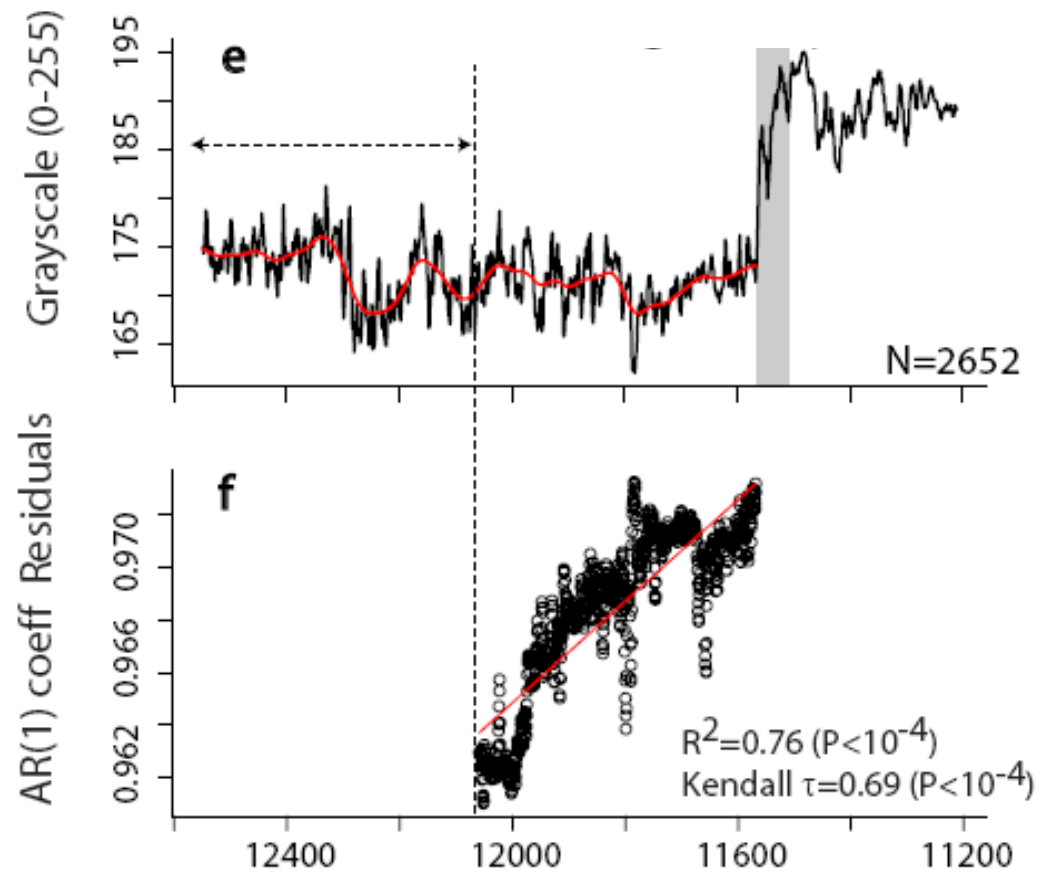
slowing down before past climate shifts

Shutdown of thermohaline circulation



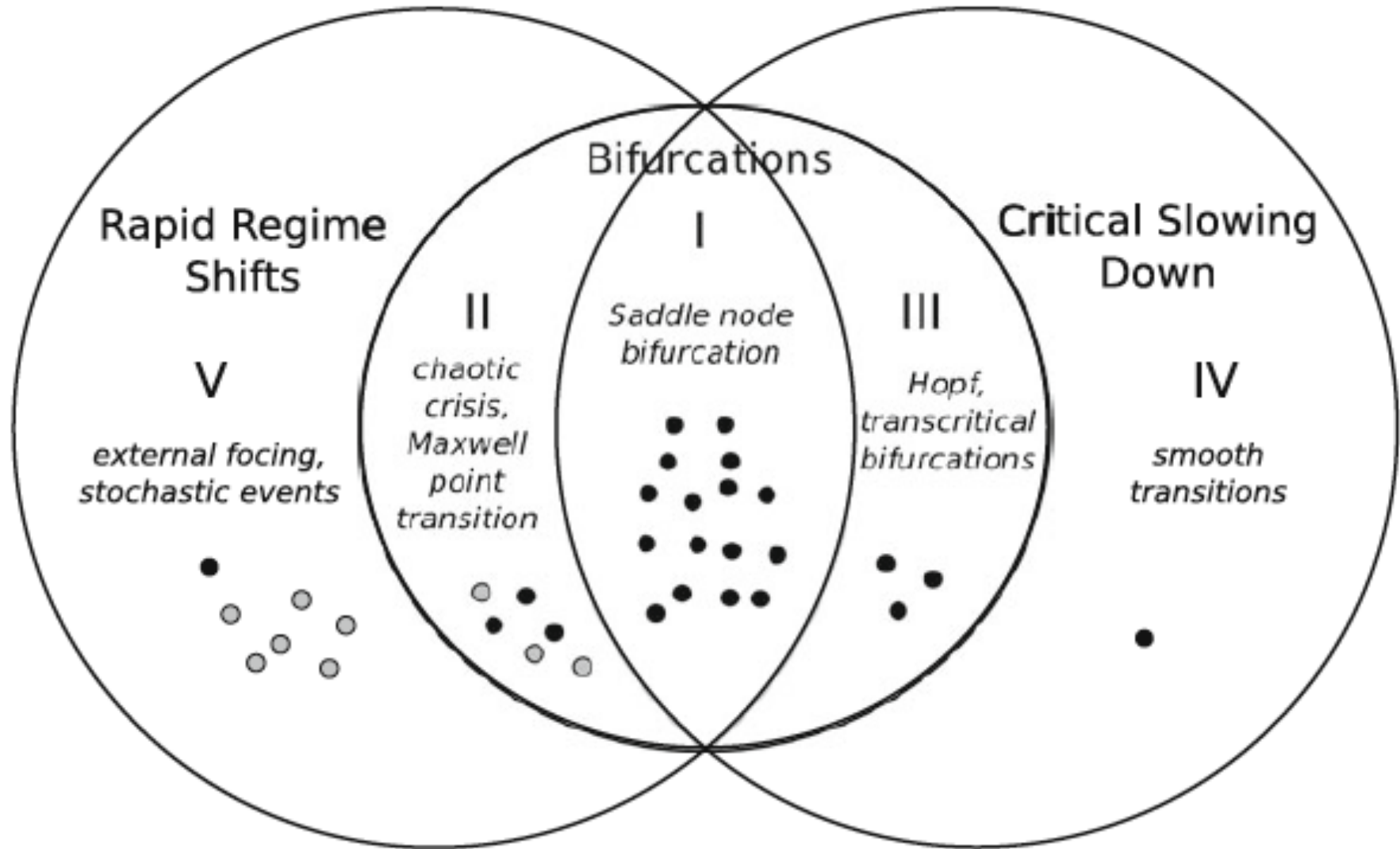
Model data

end of Younger Dryas



Paleo-climate data

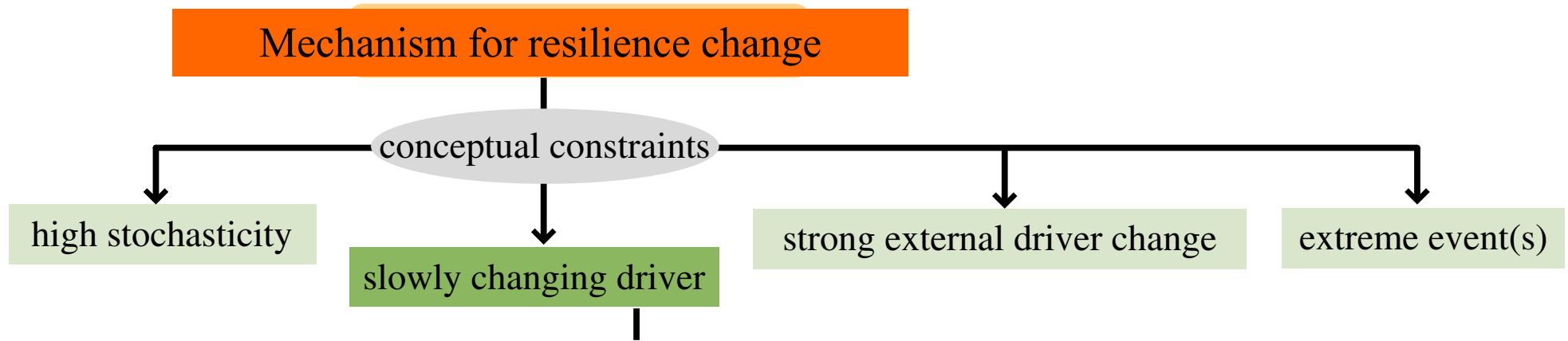
theoretical challenge - too generic?



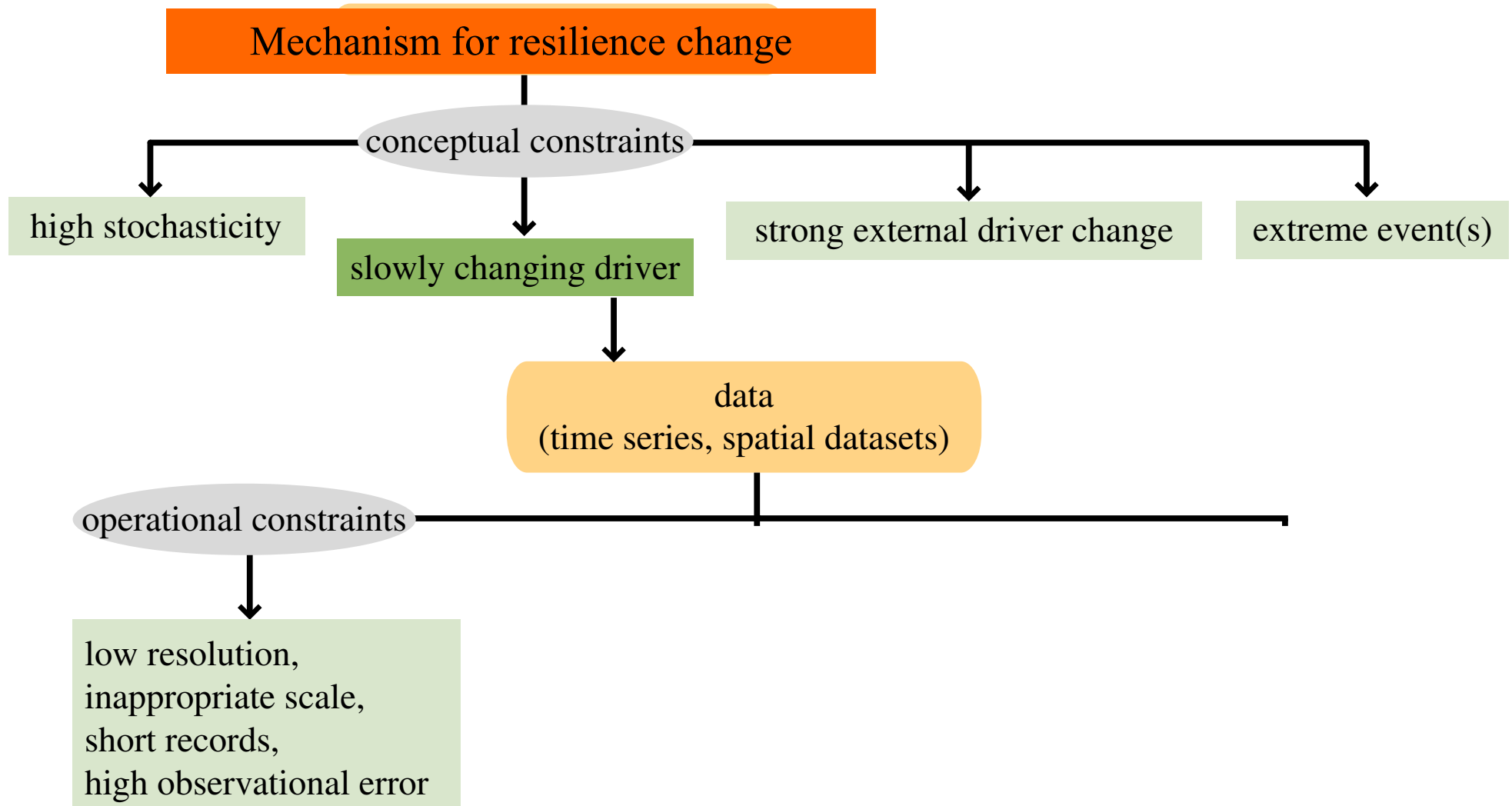
**There can be tipping points
without EWS**

**There can be EWS
without tipping points**

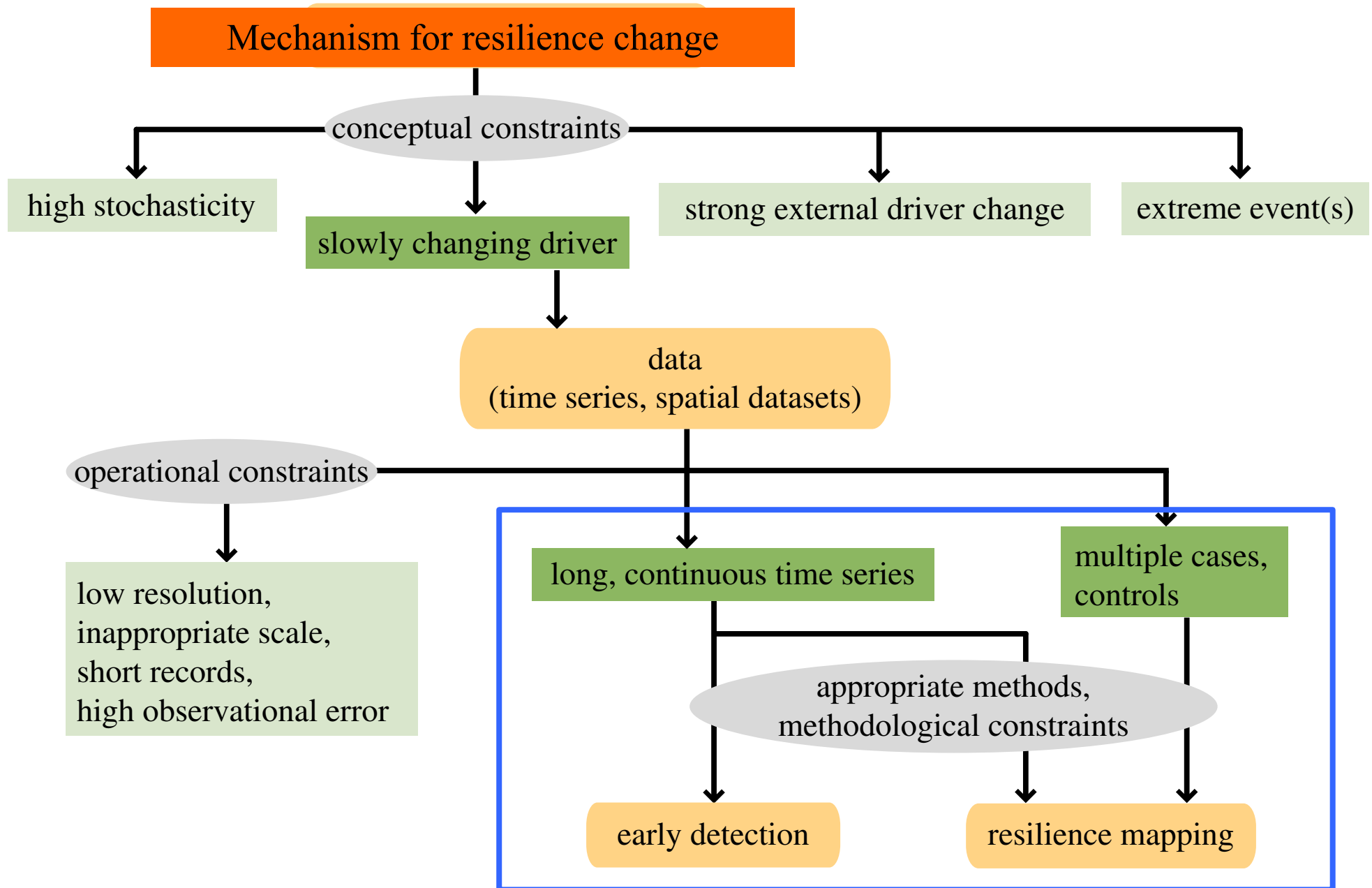
Constraints and Challenges



Constraints and Challenges



Constraints and Challenges



methods for tipping point detection – mostly on temporal data (less spatial)

	CSD-based (~ B-tipping)	non-CSD-based (~ B-tipping/ N-tipping)
pattern-based	variance (temporal/spatial) autocorrelation (temporal/spatial) return rate/time (temporal) detrended fluctuation analysis (temporal) spectral reddening (temporal) variance-covariance eigenvalue (temporal) dynamic eigenvalue (temporal) Machine-Learning approach (temporal) recovery length (spatial) speed of traveling waves (spatial) repair time (spatial) Discrete Fourier transform (spatial)	skewness (temporal/spatial) conditional heteroscedasticity (temporal/spatial) potential analysis (temporal) kurtosis (temporal) quickest detection method (temporal) Fisher information (temporal) mean exit time-Fokker-Planck (temporal) nonlinearity (temporal) trait statistical changes (temporal) Machine-Learning approach (temporal) average flux (temporal) Turing patterns (spatial) patch size distributions (spatial) Kolmogorov complexity (spatial) network-properties (spatial/temporal)
process-based	generalised models (temporal) time-varying AR(p) models (temporal) probabilistic time-varying AR(p) (temporal)	drift-diffusion-jump models (temporal) threshold AR(p) models (temporal) likelihood ratio (temporal)

methods for tipping point detection – mostly on temporal data (less spatial)



early-warning-signals.org

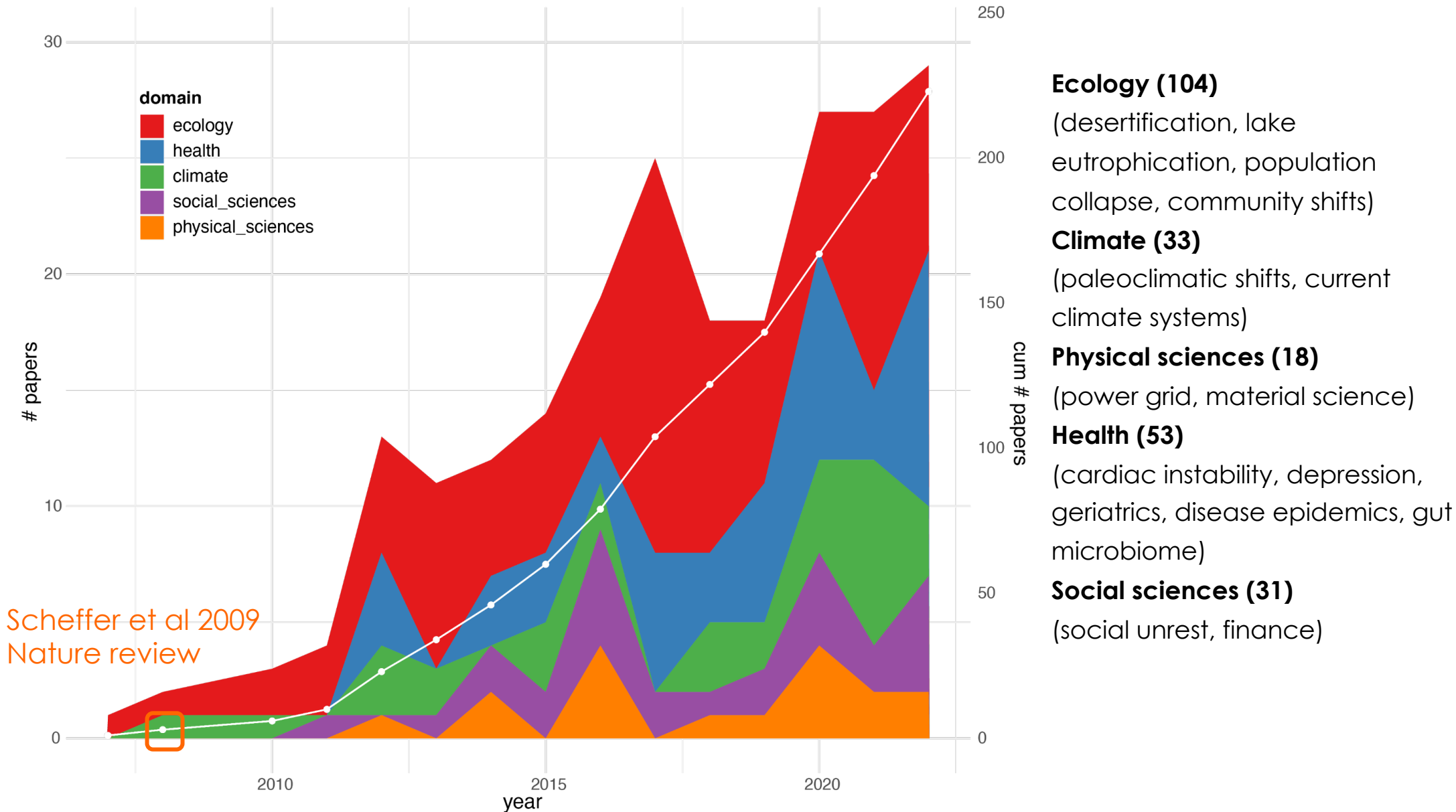
Name	Software	Description	Reference
earlywarnings	R package	One of the earliest R packages to calculate model and metric based early-warnings	(Dakos et al., 2012) github.com/earlywarningtoolbox
earlywarning	R package format	Fits a normal form model with and without a saddle-node bifurcation based on a likelihood approach	(Boettiger and Hastings, 2012b) github.com/cboettig/earlywarning
Generic_ews	Matlab	Matlab translation from the early-warning signals toolbox in R	git.wur.nl/sparcs/generic_ews-for-matlab/-/tree/master
spatialwarnings	R package	Estimates spatial warning signals based on spatial statistics and spatial pattern formation	(Génin et al., 2018)
ewstools	Python package	Python translation of the earlywarnings toolbox, with the addition of deep learning classifiers	(Bury, 2023)
EWSmethods	R package	toolbox inspired by <i>earlywarnings</i> , that omits model-based EWS, but includes multivariate indicators	(O'Brien et al., n.d.)

Outline

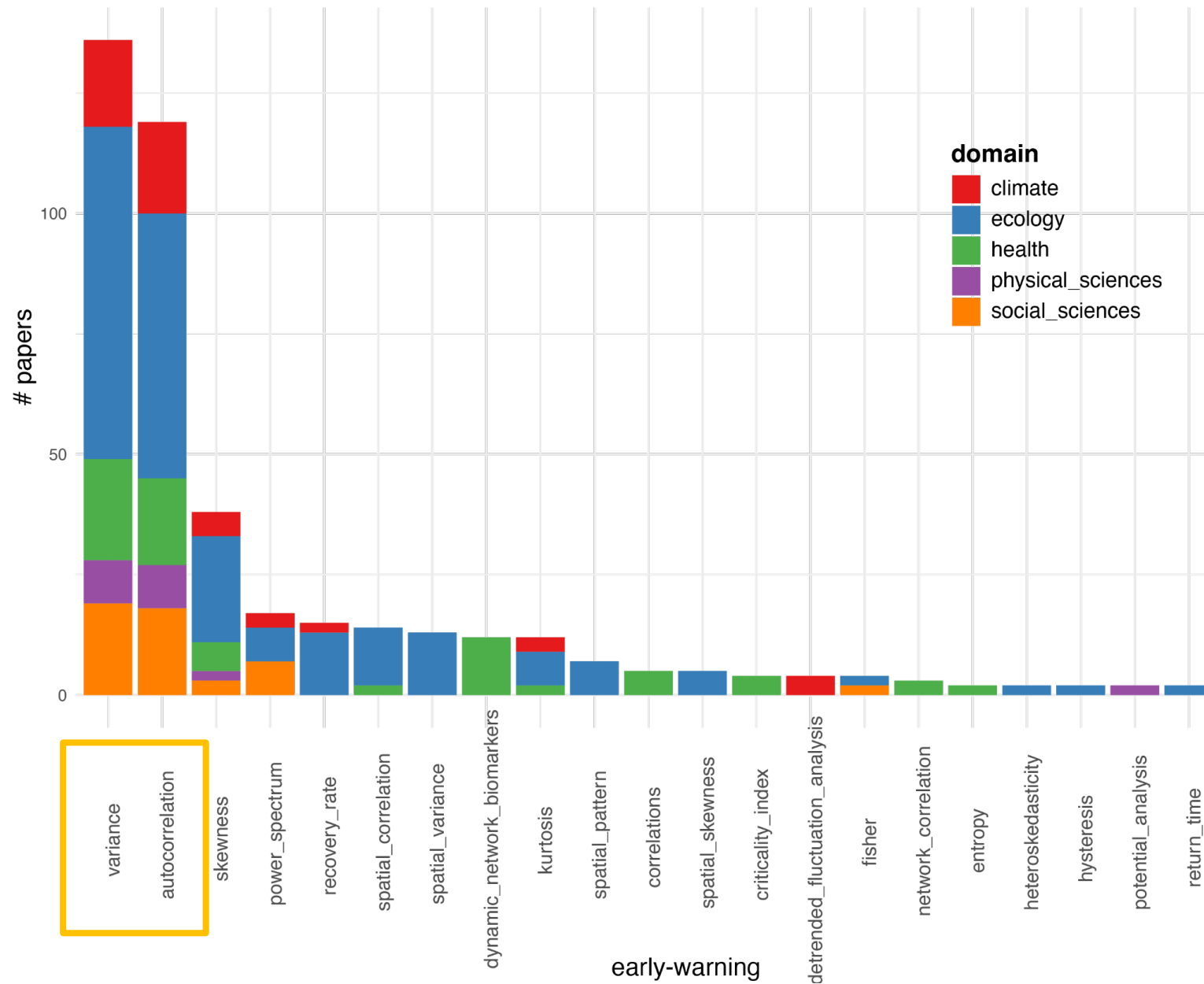
1. Basics of tipping point detection and quantification of resilience
- 2. An empirical assessment of tipping point detection and resilience**

Systematic review of empirical use of early-warnings

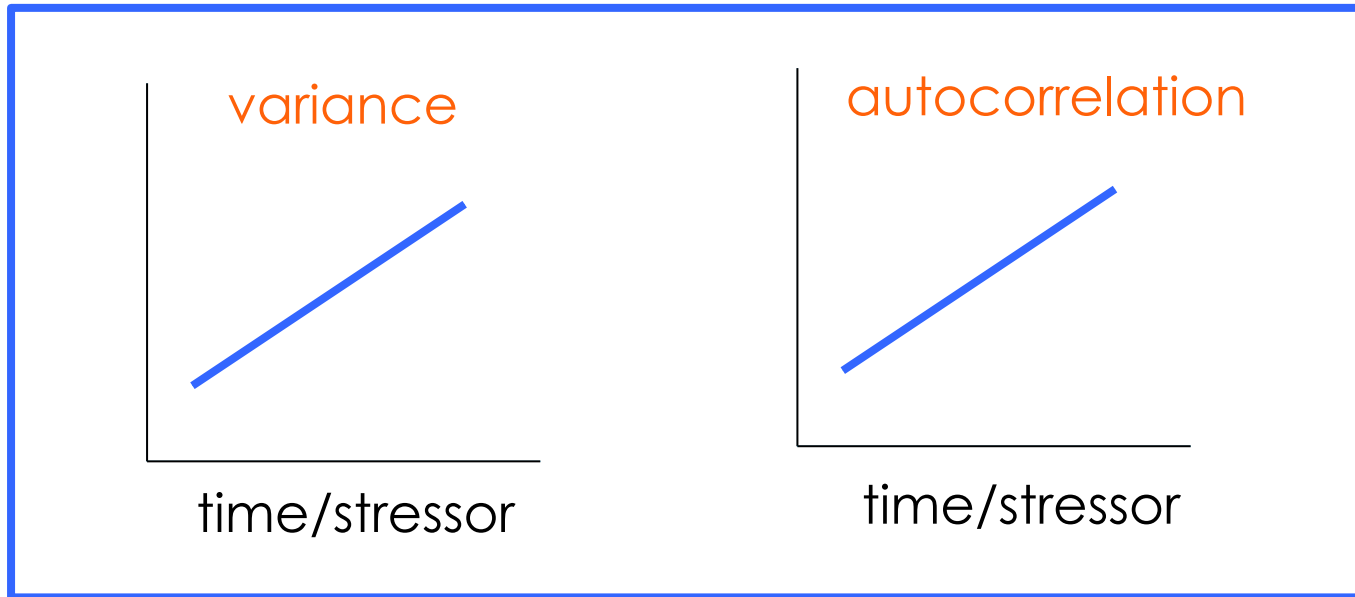
A growing list of empirical studies (229!) ...



Multitude of early-warnings: 65 signals but only 21 used in more than 1 paper



application: monitoring, mapping, ranking



- **monitor** changes in resilience within a system (early-warnings)
- **map+rank** resilience across systems/sites/species (identify hotspots of resilience loss)

monitoring tree mortality risk

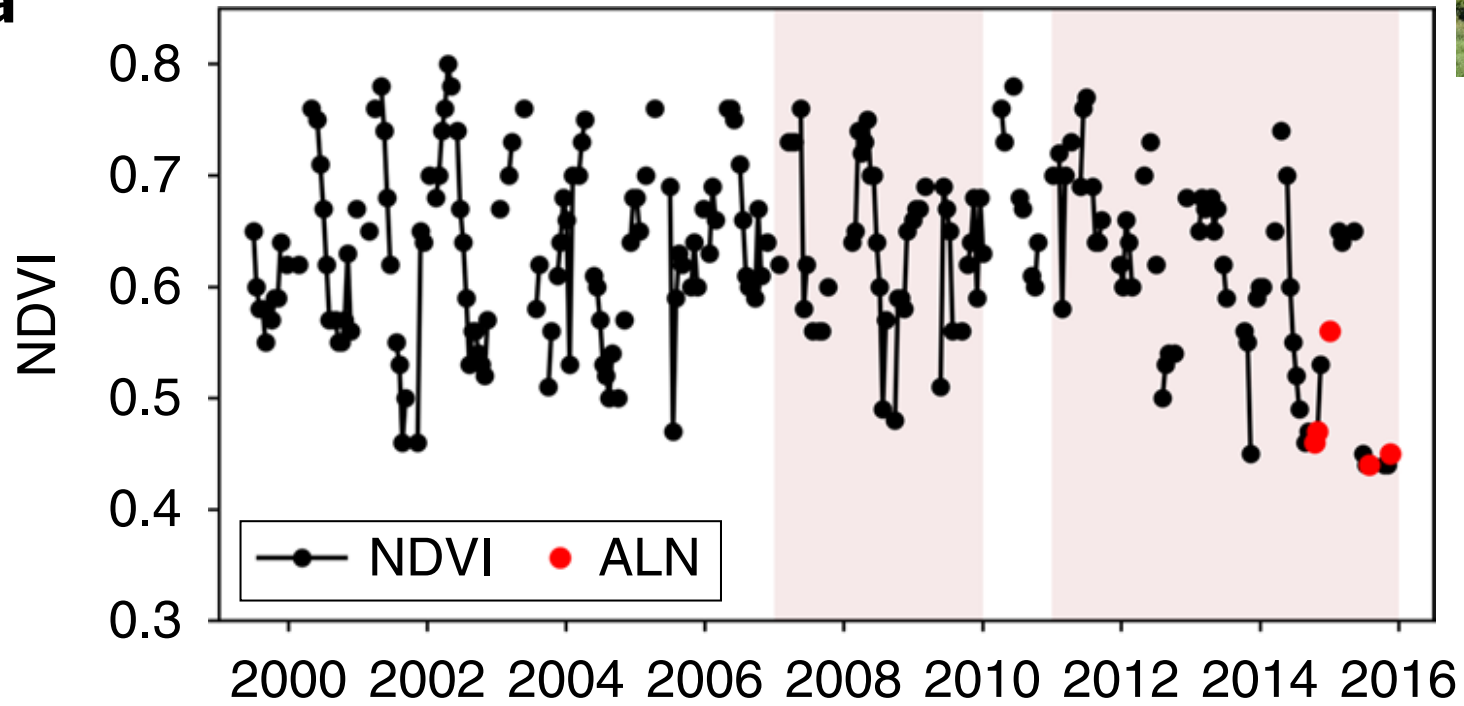


monitoring tree mortality risk



NDVI (Normalized Difference Vegetation Index)

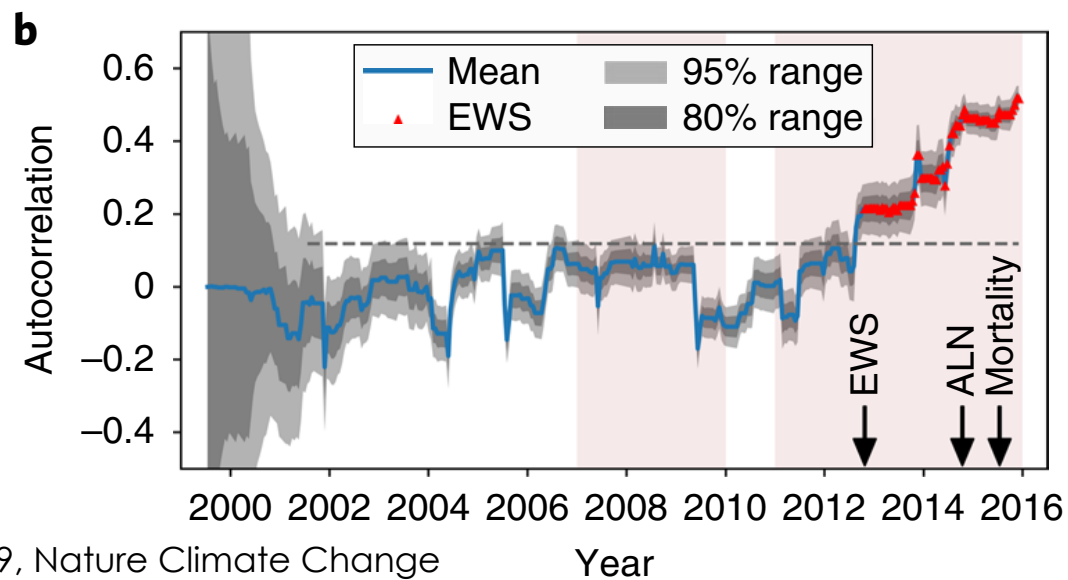
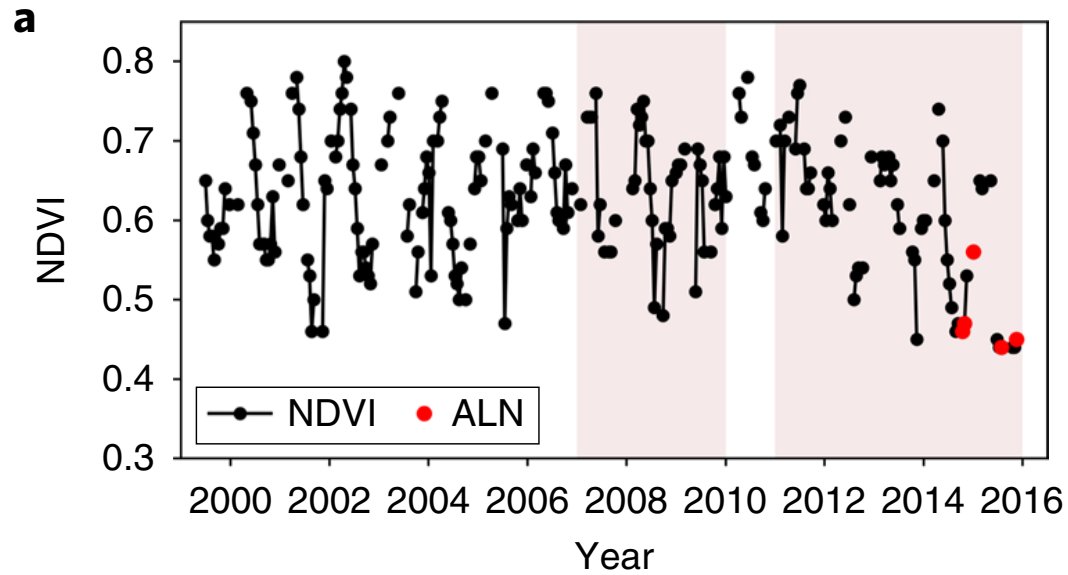
a



monitoring tree mortality risk



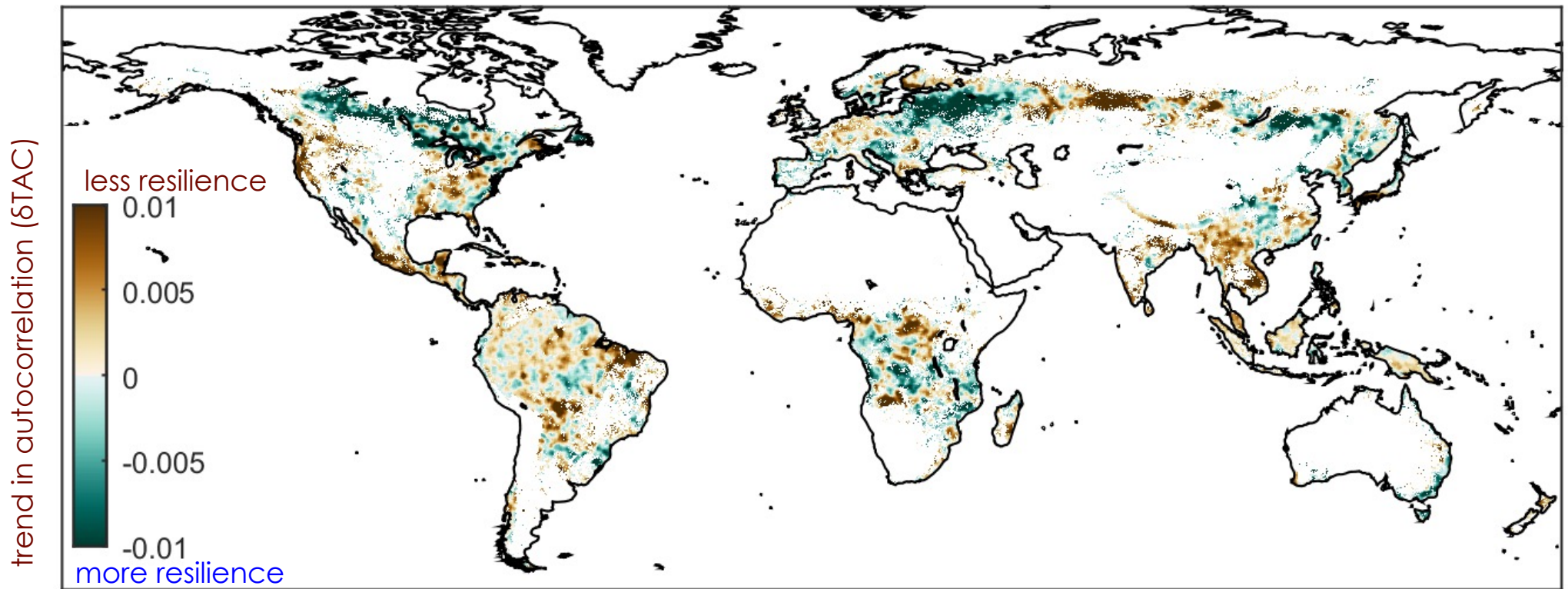
NDVI (Normalized Difference Vegetation Index)



mapping and ranking forest resilience at global scales

mapping and ranking forest resilience at global scales

NDVI from global forest ecosystems



higher autocorrelation (δTAC) = less resilience ~ higher risk of tipping response

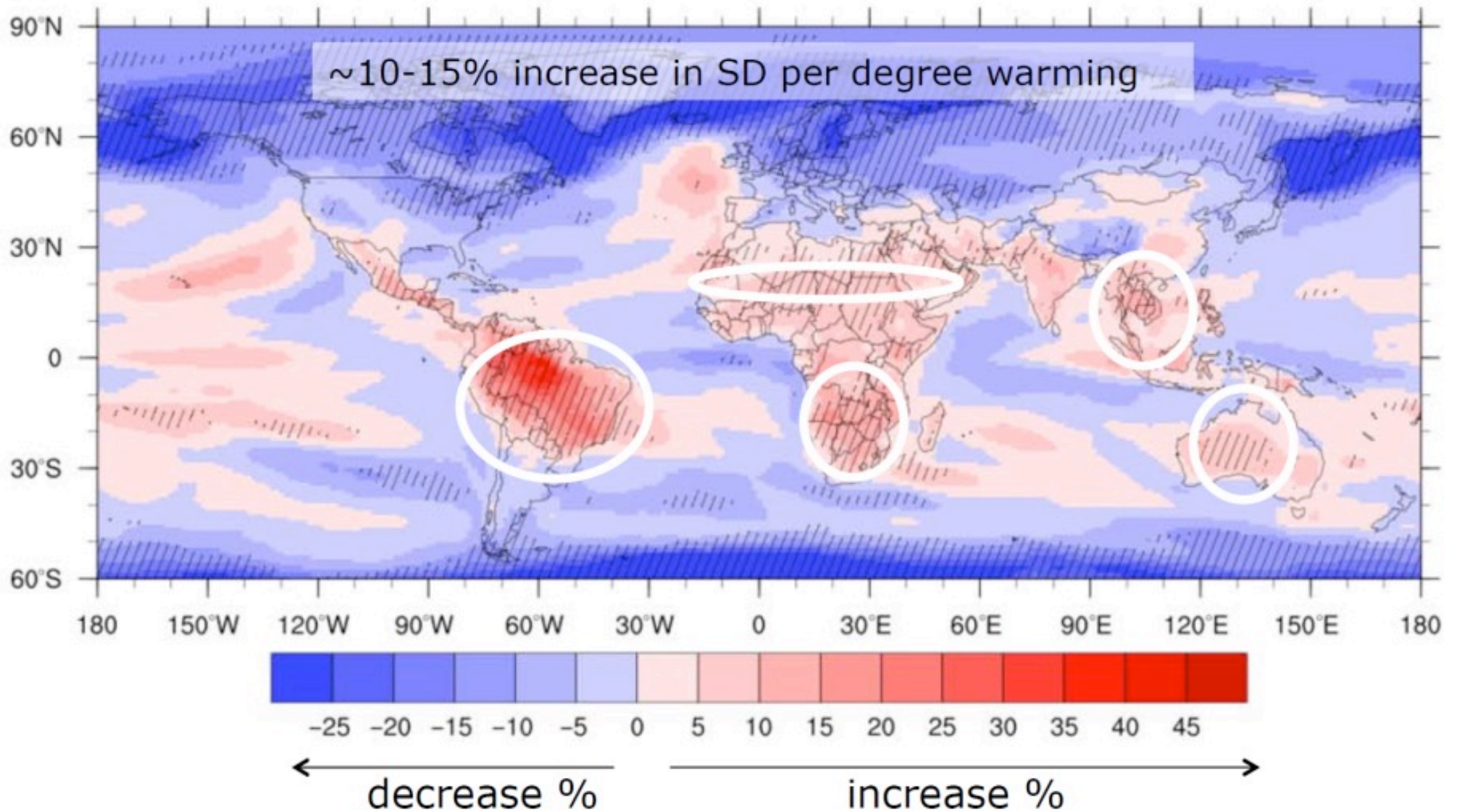
mapping – projected changes in climate variability as proxy for hotspots of climate instability

Relative changes in variability of monthly temperature between
historical record (~1900) and model projections until 2100

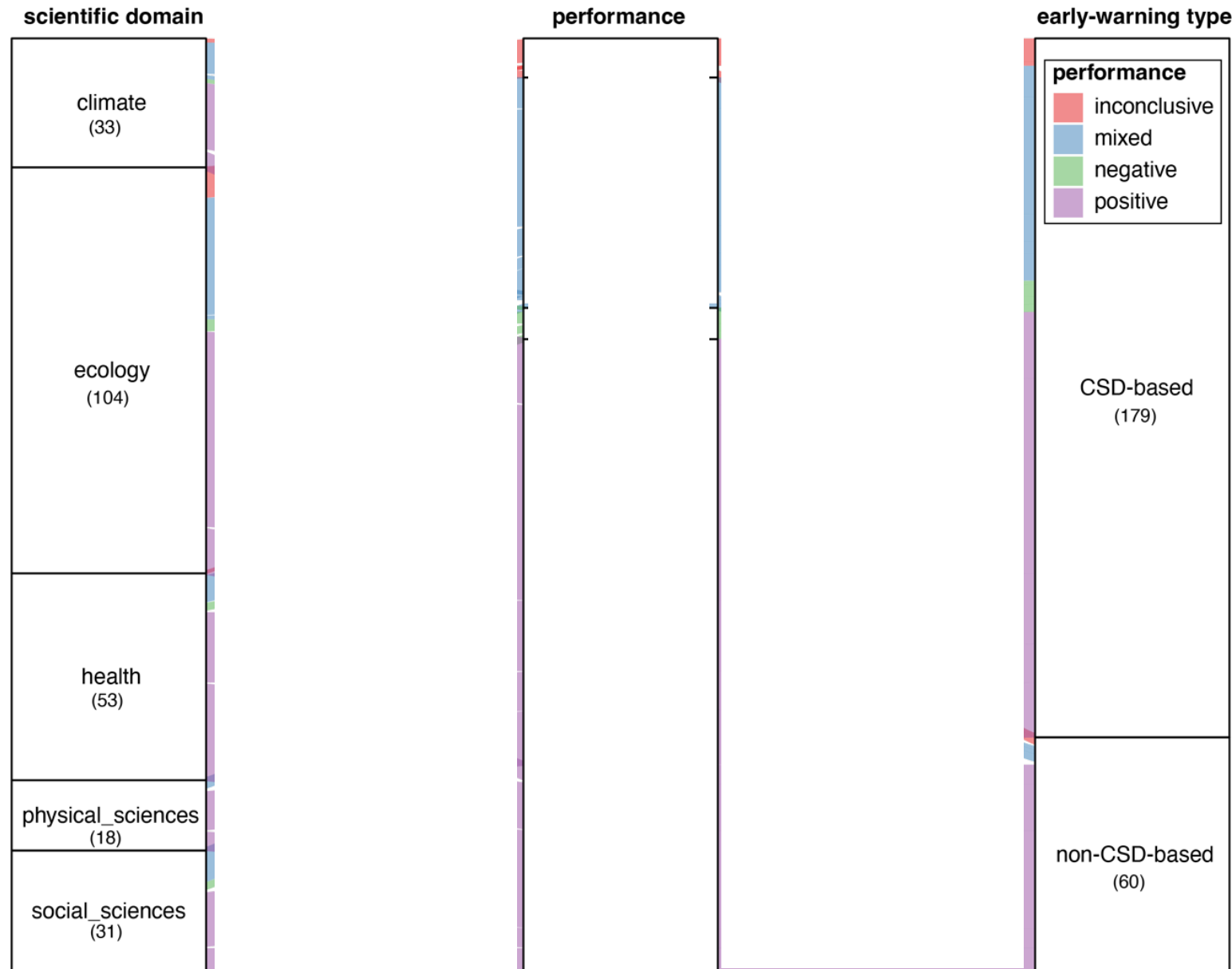
based on output from 37 models from CMIP5

mapping – projected changes in climate variability as proxy for hotspots of climate instability

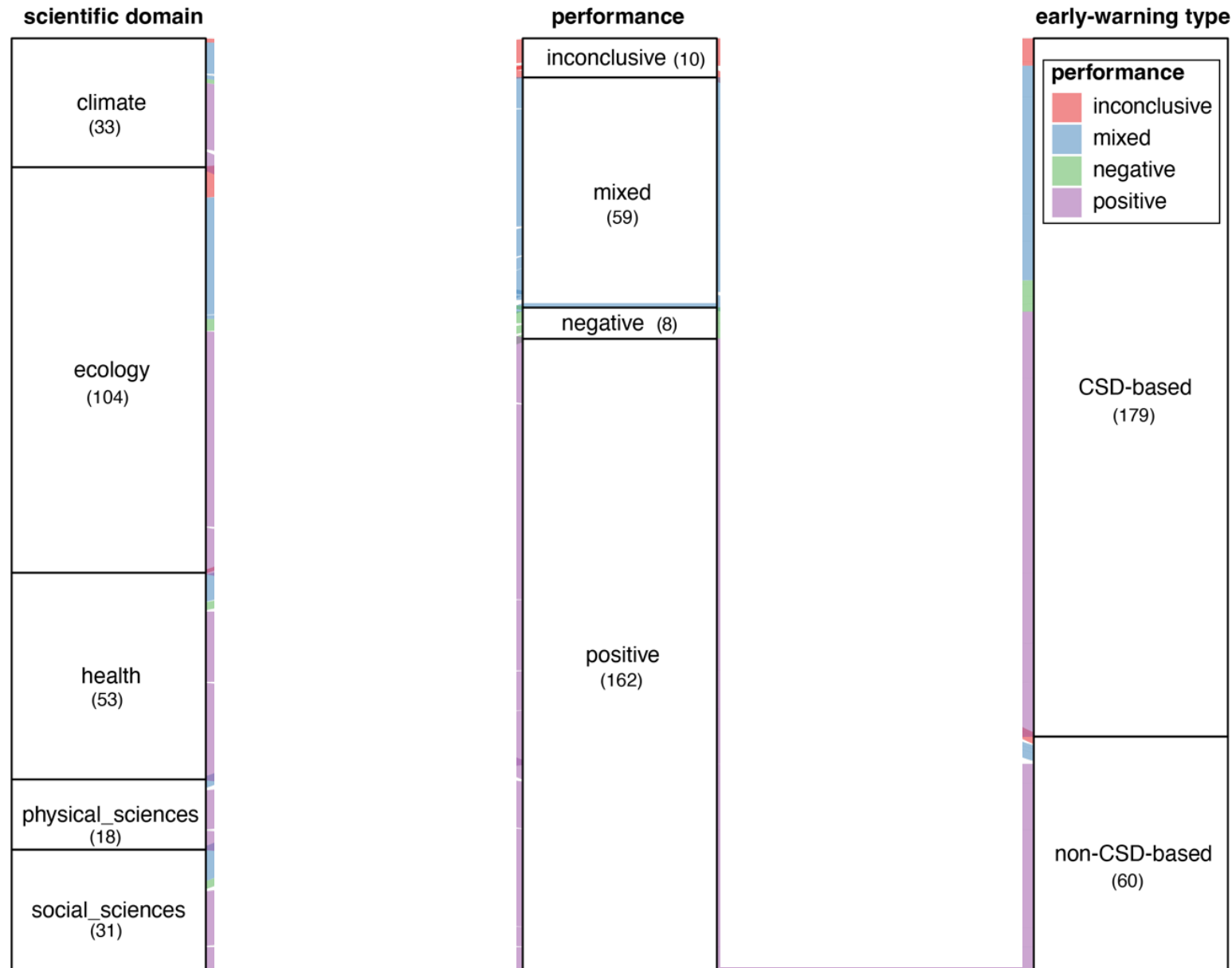
Relative changes in variability of monthly temperature until 2100



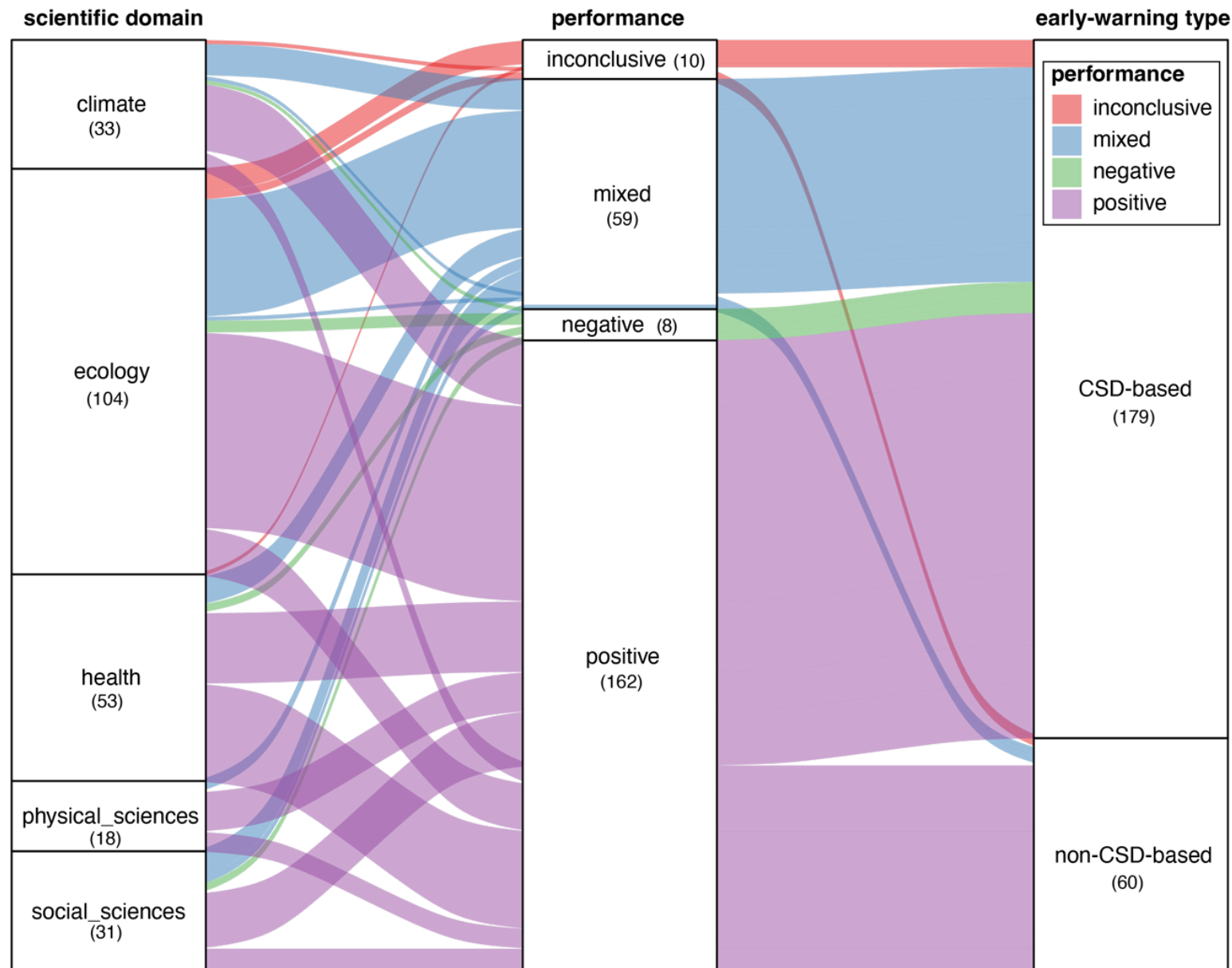
empirical performance of early-warnings?



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challenge: assumption of tipping point

- Mechanisms (positive feedbacks)
- Bistability
- Irreversibility



Thank you

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